

OCT 2 0 2004

October 25, 2004

Mary L. Prevost, Esq. Holland & Knight 2600 Pike Tower 520 Pike St. Seattle WA 98101

Re: San Manuel Band of Mission Indians, approval of San Manuel Gaming Act of 1989, as amended.

Dear Ms. Prevost:

This is in response to your August 3, 2004, letter seeking review and approval of the San Manuel Gaming Act of 1989, as amended in April 2004. The Act is consistent with the requirements of the Indian Gaming Regulatory Act and this agency's regulations. It is therefore approved for gaming on Indian lands, as defined by IGRA, over which the Tribe has jurisdiction.

I note that the Tribe did not submit some of its prior amendments for review and approval. Please be aware that IGRA requires NIGC approval of all amendments to tribal gaming ordinances) even minor ones such as revisions in numbering or grammatical corrections, and be guided accordingly.

Thank you very much for your submission. If you have any questions or require further assistance, please contact Michael Gross, Staff Attorney, at 202-632-7003.

Sincer

Philip N. Hogen Chaiman

San Manuel Band of Mission Indians

## CERTIFICATE OF RESOLUTION

# GENERAL COUNCIL OF THE SAN MANUEL BAND OF MISSION INDIANS

WHEREAS, the General Council is the governing body of San Manuel Band of Mission Indians, a federally recognized Indian tribe ("Tribe"), by the authority of Article III of the Articles of Association of the Tribe adopted on December 1, 1966 and approved by the Secretary of the Interior on December 1, 1966; and

WHEREAS, by Resolution No. 89.02, adopted by the General Council on August 31, 1989 the General Council enacted the San Manuel Gaming Act; which was subsequently amended,

WHEREAS, the Gaming Act establishes the standards to govern the conduct of gaming activities on the Tribe's lands and establishes the Tribe's Gaming Commission to implement those standards, oversee gaming activities on Tribal lands, and promulgate regulations; and

WHEREAS, the General Council amended the previously adopted Gaming Act.

NOW, THEREFORE BE IT RESOLVED, that the Tribe hereby seeks the approval of the amended Gaming Act.

#### CERTIFICATION

By a vote of the General Council of the San Manuel Band of Mission Indians on April 17, 2004, following a duly noticed meeting at which a quorum was present, the amended Gaming Act was passed by the General Council following a vote of 50 "for", 8 "against" and 0 "abstentions."

DATED: October  $\frac{22}{2}$ , 2004

Deron Marquez, Tribal Chairman

26569 Community Center Dr. • Highland, CA 92346 • Office: (909) 864-8933 • FAX (909) 864-3370 P.O. Box 266 • Patton, CA 92369

# CHAPTER 6. THE SAN MANUEL GAMING ACT OF 1989.<sup>1</sup>

## SMTC 6.1 Title.



This Chapter shall be known as the "SAN MANUEL GAMING ACT OF 1989, as amended."

## SMTC 6.2 Findings and Policy.

This Ordinance is adopted by the General Council of the San Manuel Band of Mission Indians ("Tribe"), a federally recognized Indian Tribe, pursuant to its authority under the Tribal Articles of Association; for the purpose of establishing the terms for gaming on Tribal Lands for Tribal governmental and charitable purposes, and to continue to develop and operate such gaming consistent with the findings herein and in conformity with the federal Indian Gaming Regulatory Act (25 U.S.C. § 2701 et seq. ("IGRA")), and regulations promulgated thereunder, and the Tribal-State Gaming Compact with the State of California ("Compact"). This Gaming Act and regulations promulgated hereunder shall constitute gaming regulations for the Tribe. Based on its experience and observations in connection with such gaming and its studies of similar experiences by other Indian tribes, the Tribe finds that tribally controlled gaming on its reservation is a valuable means of promoting Tribal economic development, self-sufficiency, employment, job training and strong Tribal government. The Tribe further finds that when regulated by the Tribe, such gaming can remain free from organized crime and other corrupting influences and can be conducted fairly and honestly by both the operators and the players.

The General Council finds that:

6.2.1 Gaming on its Tribal Lands is a valuable means of generating revenues needed to promote Tribal self-sufficiency, economic development, employment, job training, and a strong Tribal government, and to fund and ensure essential social programs and services;

6.2.2 The Tribe desires to conduct certain forms of gaming to provide needed revenues to the Tribe and to regulate and control such gaming in a manner that will protect the environment; the Tribal Lands; the health, security and general welfare of the Tribe; the patrons; and the community; and

6.2.3 The Tribe desires to manage and regulate such gaming as authorized under this Ordinance in a manner that will adequately address the interests and needs of the Tribe.

Adopted by the General Council on August 31, 1989 as 89.02. Amended September 19, 1994, May 13, 1997, September 28, 1999, November 9, 1999, November 11, 2003 and March 6, 2004.

#### SMTC 6.3 Definitions.

Unless specified otherwise, terms used herein shall have the same meaning as in IGRA, including but not limited to references to "Class I," "Class II," and "Class III" gaming. <u>Terms</u> shall have the following meanings:

6.3.1 Applicable Law" means the IGRA and regulations promulgated thereunder, the Compact, this Gaming Act, and all other applicable laws and regulations promulgated under State, Federal, and Tribal law.

6.3.2 "Applicant" means an individual or entity that applies for a tribal gaming license.

6.3.3 "Association" means the association of tribal and state gaming regulators as established under the Compact, the membership of which comprises up to two representatives from each tribal gaming agency of those tribes with whom the State has a Gaming Compact under IGRA, and up to two delegates each from the State Division of Gambling Control and the State Gambling Control Commission.

6.3.4 "Commissioner" means a member of the San Manuel Gaming Commission, elected consistent with this Gaming Act.

6.3.5 "Gaming" means an activity in which a person stakes or risks something of value on the outcome of a contest of chance or a future contingent event, not under his or her control or influence, upon an agreement or understanding that the person, or someone else, will receive something of value in the event of a certain outcome, but shall not include bona fide business transactions.

6.3.6 "Gaming Act" or "Gaming Ordinance" means the San Manuel Gaming Act of 1989<sup>1</sup>, as amended.

6.3.7 "Gaming Activities" means any Class I, Class II, or Class III gaming activity conducted on Tribal Lands by or under the jurisdiction of the Tribe.

6.3.8 "Gaming Commission" means the gaming commission established by the Tribe to monitor gaming activities, investigate wrongdoing, conduct background investigations, issue licenses, and perform other duties as required for the regulation of gaming on the Reservation. For the purpose of conducting background investigations of and issuing licenses to the Commissioners and Gaming Commission staff, such persons shall be deemed to be key employees under this Gaming Act and shall be required to pass a background investigation and hold a valid gaming license consistent therewith.

6.3.9 "Gaming Compact" or "Compact" means any tribal-state Gaming Compact, including amendments thereto, entered into by the Tribe pursuant to IGRA to govern the conduct of certain Class III gaming activities on Tribal Lands.

6.3.10 "Gaming Employee" means any person who: (a) operates, maintains, repairs, assists in any gaming activity, or is in any way responsible for supervising such gaming activities

 $\checkmark$ 

:/

 $\sqrt{}$ 

 $\sqrt{}$ 

Ϊ

Ś

including persons who conduct, operate, account for, or supervise any such gaming activity; (b) is in a category under federal law, the Compact, or tribal gaming law requiring licensing; (c) is an employee of the Gaming Commission or of the gaming operation with access to confidential or personal information; or (d) is a person whose employment duties require or authorize access to areas of or information regarding the gaming facility that are not accessible to the public.

6.3.11 "Gaming Enterprise" or "Gaming Operation" means any gaming business, event, enterprise or activity conducted by or under the jurisdiction of the Tribe.

6.3.12 "Gaming facility" or "Facility" means any building in which Class III gaming activities or gaming operations occur, or in which the business records, receipts, or other funds of the Class III gaming operation are maintained (but excluding offsite facilities primarily dedicated to storage of those records, and financial institutions), and all rooms, buildings, and areas, including parking lots and walkways, a principal purpose of which is to serve the activities of the Tribe's gaming operation. Nothing in this Gaming Act prevents the conduct of Class II gaming (as defined under IGRA) in the Gaming Facility.

6.3.13 "Gaming Resources" means any goods or services provided to or used in connection with gaming activities, whether exclusively or otherwise, including, but not limited to, equipment, furniture, gambling devices and ancillary equipment, implements of gaming activities such as playing cards and dice, furniture designed primarily for gaming activities, maintenance or security equipment and services, gaming consulting services, and the like. The term shall not include professional accounting or legal services.

6.3.14 "Gaming Resource Supplier" or "Gaming Contractor" means any person or entity who, directly or indirectly, manufactures, distributes, supplies, vends, leases, or otherwise purveys resources to the Tribe's gaming operation, gaming enterprise, or gaming facility. The Gaming Commission may exclude a purveyor of equipment or furniture that is not specifically designed for, and is distributed generally for use other than in connection with gaming activities, if the purveyor is not otherwise a gaming resource supplier under the Tribe's gaming compact, and the compensation received by the purveyor is not grossly disproportionate to the value of the goods or services provided, and the purveyor is not otherwise a person who exercises a significant influence over the gaming operation.

6.3.15 General Council" means the governing body of the Tribe.

6.3.16 "Key Employee" means a person who performs one or more of the following functions: bingo caller; counting room supervisor; chief of security; custodian of gaming supplies or cash; floor manager; pit boss; dealer; croupier; approver of credit; or custodian of gaming devices, including those persons with access to cash and accounting records within such devices. If not otherwise included, any other person whose total cash compensation is in excess of \$50,000 per year, and the four most highly compensated persons in the gaming enterprise, are included in the definition of key employee. Key employee shall also include any employee considered a key employee under criteria established by the State and the Tribe under the Compact. At the discretion of the Gaming Commission, other positions or persons may be included under the definition of Key Employee and are subject to the requirements thereof.

Ĵ

 $\sqrt{}$ 

6.3.17 "National Indian Gaming Commission" ("NIGC") means the federal gaming commission established under IGRA.

6.3.18 "Ordinance" or "Act" shall mean the San Manuel Gaming Act of 1989, as amended.

6.3.19 "Person" means any natural person or entity, including but not limited to corporations, partnerships and trusts.

6.3.20 "Primary Management Official" means the person who has management responsibility for a management contract; any person who has authority to hire and fire employees or to set up working policy for the gaming enterprise; or the chief financial officer or other person who has financial management responsibility. At the discretion of the Gaming Commission, other positions or persons may be included under and be subject to the requirements for primary management officials.

6.3.21 "Related to" means persons who are related as a father, mother, son, daughter, sister, brother, or spouse.

6.3.22 "Reservation" or "Tribal Lands" means all lands under the jurisdiction and control of the Tribe.

6.3.23 "State" means the State of California.

6.3.24 "State Gaming Agency" means the entity authorized to investigate, approve, and regulate Class III gaming licenses pursuant to the Gambling Control Act (Chapter 5, commencing with section 19800, of Division 8 of the Business and Professions Code). If the State fails, under a Gaming Compact provision, to designate an agency authorized to investigate, approve, and regulate gaming licenses, any function otherwise assigned to the State Gaming Agency shall be assumed by the Tribe's Gaming Commission until such time as the State establishes and designates such an agency.

6.3.25 "Tribal Court" means any court established by the Tribe to hear disputes, or if there is none, the General Council.

#### SMTC 6.4 Ownership of Gaming.

The Tribe has the sole proprietary interest in and responsibility for the conduct of any gaming operation authorized by this Gaming Act.

#### SMTC 6.5 Gaming Commission.

(6.5.1 The Tribe hereby establishes the San Manuel Gaming Commission to be composed of no more than three (3) commissioners. One Commissioner shall be a member of the San Manuel General Council and two Commissioners shall be non-Tribal members. One Commissioner or, in the alternative, a member of the San Manuel Gaming Commission staff, shall be designated as Secretary/Treasurer to the Commission. All Tribal Commissioners shall be elected and removed by the General Council, using the same process applicable to the election or removal of Tribal officers. All Commissioner positions shall be considered to be full-time positions a Commissioners shall serve for three (3) year terms, which shall be determined from the date of election, and may serve for more than one term if re-elected, and shall serve past the expiration of any term until replaced or removed. Gaming Commissioners may only be removed by the Tribe for neglect of duty, malfeasance, or other good cause shown. Removal for cause shall only be under procedures applicable to removal of an elected Tribal official.

A Commissioner may not be an elected official of the Tribe, or employed in any Gaming Enterprise, or by the Tribe in any other capacity while serving as a Gaming Commissioner. Gaming Commissioners and Commission staff shall be precluded from consulting or employment in any position with the Tribe's gaming activities, including bingo or casino gaming, for a period of no less than two (2) years from their date of termination at the Commission.

6.5.2 Background investigations of Gaming Commissioners shall be conducted by an independent investigator under the direction of the Tribe's attorney. The attorney shall keep the details of the investigation confidential, but the attorney may confer with the investigator or any other person experienced in conducting or evaluating background investigations provided such other person agrees to maintain the confidentiality of the information obtained about the applicant. Gaming Commissioners must meet the qualifications established under this Gaming Act and the Compact. Gaming Commissioners must meet or exceed the standards of suitability as established for Gaming Commission employees, including a review of financial, criminal, and employment history, contact with references, and all other suitability requirements for certification or licensing by the State or the Tribal Gaming Commission. The attorney shall make a determination as to whether this Ordinance's requirements for suitability have been met, and if so shall certify that finding in writing to the Business Committee. In the event the attorney determines there is any reason to believe the applicant may not meet the suitability standards under this Gaming Act, the attorney shall so inform the applicant of that determination on a confidential basis. The applicant shall have three (3) business days in which to respond, by providing additional information or other reasons why the applicant should be deemed suitable. If the attorney still believes the applicant is unsuitable, the attorney shall so notify the applicant in writing, who shall have three (3) business days in which to either withdraw from the Gaming Commission (in which case the file shall be sealed) or request that the application be reviewed by the Business Committee of the Tribe. In the event of such review, only those items which the attorney believed rendered the applicant unsuitable shall be revealed to the Business Committee by the attorney. The applicant can request any additional information obtained by the attorney to be submitted to the Business Committee, and may provide such further information as the Business Committee shall permit. Within ten (10) days after closing its own review and investigation of such applicant, the Business Committee shall render a final decision as to the applicant's suitability. In the event of issuance of a finding of suitability, the Gaming Commission shall issue a Class A license to the applicant. Appeals from the Business Committee decision shall follow the same procedures as appeals from other license denials.

6.5.3 Commissioners may only be removed from office before the expiration of their term by the General Council, for neglect of duty, malfeasance or other good cause shown. Good

cause shall include repeated (at least three or more) failures to attend required Gaming Commission meetings.

6.5.4 Two (2) members of the Gaming Commission shall constitute a quorum for the purpose of conducting Commission business, provided that nothing herein shall preclude the Chairman of the Commission from conducting Commission business if notice of the meeting has been provided in a timely manner reasonably calculated to provide proper notice to all commissioners, and no commissioner has objected to the meeting. If any commissioner has a conflict of interest in investigating, hearing or deciding a matter to come before the Gaming Commission, such as matters involving a member of the commissioner shall recuse himself or herself for that matter. When only the commissioner with a possible conflict is available to sit on the matter before the Commission, that commissioner shall recuse himself or herself and request the Tribe's Business Committee to serve as the Gaming Commission only for the purposes of that matter; with the exception of licensing matters, in which case the investigation shall be conducted under the direction of the Tribe's attorney through the process established in 6.5.2 of this Act. All such matters shall be handled fairly and impartially;

1

6.5.5 The Chairperson shall preside over meetings of the Gaming Commission. The Secretary/Treasurer shall be responsible for the receipt and disbursement of Gaming Commission funds in accordance with Tribal governmental agency policies and the Commission budget. Checks drawn on Gaming Commission accounts shall be signed by the Chairman and the Secretary/Treasurer. The Secretary/Treasurer shall ensure that minutes of all Gaming Commission meetings and all official actions taken by the Gaming Commission are taken and transcribed within five (5) business days after such meeting or action, and that the written records thereof are maintained for safekeeping.

6.5.6 <u>Voting</u>. All actions of the Gaming Commission shall be taken by majority vote of Commissioners present. The Commission Chairperson may vote on any issue.

6.5.7 Subject to a budget to be approved on an annual basis by the General Council, commissioners shall be reimbursed for time and expenses incurred in connection with the performance of their duties as Commissioners and in accordance with the budget. Any commissioner employed on a full-time basis shall agree to be employed in accordance and consistent with policies set for other Tribal government employees, and shall be eligible for the same fringe benefits as such other full-time Tribal government employees, and to strictly abide by Commissioners shall be approved as part of the annual Budget to be approved by the General Council. Policies with respect to reimbursement of expenses shall be the same as those applicable to other Tribal government employees.

6.5.8 <u>Meetings</u>. Meetings of the Gaming Commission shall be held at least every other month ("Scheduled Meetings"). Any Tribal member may attend Scheduled Meetings. Scheduled Meetings may be changed at any time by the Gaming Commission, with notice of such change posted prominently at least five (5) business days in advance at the Office of the Gaming Commission. Additional meetings shall be held as called by the Chairman or by at least two (2) Gaming Commissioners. Notice of such additional meetings shall be given in writing to San Manuel Gaming Act 04/117/2004 6 each Gaming Commissioner, served by first class mail or personal delivery at least five (5) business days prior to such meeting. Meetings may be called at any time, by any means, with unanimous consent of the Gaming Commissioners. All Commission discussions, deliberations, and votes taken regarding specific license applications and related background investigations, or any other investigations, and any other matter the Commission deems must be kept confidential in order to preserve the integrity of the Gaming Enterprise or Tribe or to protect the privacy of the applicant, shall be held in executive session.

6.5.9 The Commission shall be deemed to be an agency of the Tribal government and as such shall be subject to the personnel and other governmental administrative policies of the Tribal government, as the General Council shall determine from time to time. In the absence of specific personnel policies, those affecting management level employees of the Gaming Enterprise shall be applied to the operation of the Commission. Any exceptions to such policies must be approved by the Tribe's Business Committee. The Commission shall be funded through an annual appropriation by the General Council and such additional funding actions as the General Council shall deem necessary. The Commission shall prepare and propose a budget sixty (60) days before the end of each Tribal fiscal year after meeting and conferring with the Business Committee regarding such budget, which shall be submitted to the General Council promptly thereafter for approval or modification. Within five (5) days after approval of the budget, funds from the Tribe's treasury shall be appropriated and transferred to the Commission's bank account, except that at any time the General Council may prescribe other schedules for disbursing such funds. The Commission shall maintain its accounts, books and records, including records of all income and expenditures, in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles and consistent with Tribal governmental policies regarding management of funds and records. A financial report shall be rendered by the Commission to the General Council at least quarterly. All expenditures shall stay within ten percent (10%) of the approved budget.

6.5.10 Notwithstanding the fact that the Commission is a Tribal governmental agency and is accountable to the Business Committee, on behalf of the General Council, for its administration, the decisions of the Commission regarding licensing, suitability and compliance with Applicable Law shall be within the exclusive province of the Commission, except that the Business Committee may review any allegation that the Commission has exceeded its authority under this Act and if it deems the allegation to be true, shall refer the allegation to the General Council for action, which may include removal of a Commissioner for cause.

6.5.11 All Commissioners shall abide by the following standard of professional conduct: confidentiality, impartiality, fairness, and commitment to upholding the reputation of the Tribe for gaming of the highest integrity and honesty.

#### SMTC 6.6 Powers and Duties.

The Gaming Commission shall have the power, duty, and primary responsibility to carry out the Tribe's regulatory responsibilities under federal or tribal law and any applicable Gaming Compact; to enforce those requirements; and to protect the integrity of the Gaming Activities and the reputation of the Tribe and the Gaming Operation under provisions to include the following:

M

6.6.1 Conduct on-site gaming regulation and control, and inspect, examine, and monitor the Gaming Activities; prepare reports and monitor compliance, including the authority to demand access to and inspect, examine, photocopy and audit all papers, books and records respecting such Gaming Activities;

6.6.2 Investigate any suspicion of wrongdoing in connection with the Gaming facility or related to any Gaming Activity, including potential licensing or Compact violations and require correction of violations as the Gaming Commission deems necessary, including establishing and imposing fines or other sanctions against licensees or other persons who interfere with or violate the Tribe's gaming regulatory requirements under applicable federal or tribal law or the Compact, and by notification to applicable regulatory authorities as deemed necessary for violations not corrected in a timely manner.

6.6.3 Conduct, or cause to be conducted, such investigations as may be necessary to determine compliance with applicable laws including this Act, or any contracts, agreements, goods, services, events, incidents, or other matters related to Gaming Activities;

6.6.4 Conduct, or cause to be conducted, background investigations regarding any person or entity in any way connected with any Gaming Activity and issue licenses and identification badges to, at minimum, all Key Employees, Primary Management Officials, and Gaming Resource Suppliers according to requirements at least as stringent as those established in 25 C.F.R. Parts 556 and 558; provided no Commissioner shall provide any personal endorsement, recommendation or other support for an applicant this Act and the Compact;

6.6.5 Administer oaths or affirmations to witnesses appearing before the Gaming Commission; hold hearings, sit and act at such times and places, summon persons on Tribal Lands to attend and testify at such hearings, take testimony, and receive such evidence as the Gaming Commission deems relevant to fulfill its duties;

6.6.6 Execute agreements necessary to receive comprehensive criminal history and other background investigation information from other jurisdictions and sources;

6.6.7 Implement and administer a system for investigating, licensing (including license issuance, renewal, denial, and revocation), and monitoring for the Gaming facility, employees, Gaming Contractors, vendors, suppliers, investors, and others connected with Gaming Activities, as described below, including the licensing of Gaming Facilities, individuals and entities as required under this Act, IGRA, or any applicable Gaming Compact;

6.6.8 Assure, monitor, and direct inspections of Gaming Facilities by qualified building and safety experts in order to comply with the Tribe's building and safety codes; provide reports as requested to the State if applicable under the Compact; review reports; and issue a certificate of occupancy to the Gaming facility;

6.6.9 Provide a copy of each facility license and renewals thereof to the NIGC, including, at minimum: the Tribe's name; name and address of the Gaming facility; type of gaming allowed; effective date of license; the signature of the tribal official responsible for

issuing the license; and the name and phone number of the tribal governmental agency responsible for the regulation of the Gaming Operation;

6.6.10 Hear and resolve disputes against the gaming establishment, in accordance with procedures established in this Act and the Tort Liability Ordinance, consistent with the Tribe's Compact:

6.6.11 Hire staff and support services as deemed necessary, subject to the Gaming Commission budget approved by the General Council;

6.6.12 To the extent required, comply with any reporting requirements established under this Act, the Tribe's Compact, IGRA and regulations promulgated thereunder, and other applicable law;

6.6.13 Develop necessary documentation and protocols, and establish joint cooperative working relationships with federal, state, and local jurisdictions as necessary to assist in ensuring  $\sim$  the effective regulation of the Tribe's gaming;

6.6.14 Implement appropriate rules, regulations, and procedures to ensure the effective enforcement of the provisions of this Act, including but not limited to:

6.6.15.1Protect the physical safety of gaming patrons, employees, and $\int$ others in the Gaming facility;6.6.15.2Ensure the physical safeguarding of assets transported to, within,

and from the Gaming facility;

6.6.15.3 Prevent illegal activity in the Gaming facility or Operation through:

a. maintenance of employee procedures and a surveillance system in accordance with industry standards;

b. maintenance of detailed and permanent records of all occurrences and incidents in the Gaming facility that deviate from normal operating policies and procedures;

c. establishment of employee procedures to detect theft, cheating and fraud;

d. maintenance of a list of persons barred from the facility;

e. conduct of an annual CPA audit;

f. approval of all game rules and regulations;

g. establish and impose license fees, sanctions, fines, and conditions as appropriate under applicable law;

V/

h. investigate and assure compliance with any requirements for tribal ownership, management, and control of the Gaming facility and Gaming Operation, as set forth in applicable law;

i. investigate and assure compliance with age restrictions for patrons including provisions prohibiting minors in the Gaming facility and age limits on service of alcoholic beverages as provided under applicable law;

j. carry out any requirements under tribal or federal law or applicable Gaming Compact for the protection of the health and safety of Gaming facility patrons, guests, and employees, including requirements that the Gaming Facilities meet building and safety codes duly adopted by the Tribe;

k. approval of Gaming facility floor plans, closed-circuit television system, and cashier's cage, minimum staffing and supervisory requirements, and technical standards for gaming device operations;

6.6.16 Assure gaming devices are not transported to or from the Tribal Lands except in accordance with procedures established by an agreement between the Gaming Commission and the State Gaming Agency. The agreement shall require at least ten (10) days notice to the county sheriff, and transportation only to specific destinations for specific purposes as established in the agreement and the Gaming Compact;

6.6.17 Promulgate rules for each Class I, Class II or Class III game allowed under this Act to govern the conduct of such games;

6.6.18 Comply with a tribal conflict of interest policy to assure that Commissioners are free from corruption, undue influence, compromise, and conflicting interests in the conduct of their business;

6.6.19 Adopt, approve, and enforce gaming regulatory standards no less stringent than the Minimum Internal Control Standards promulgated by the National Indian Gaming Commission or required under the Gaming Compact;

6.6.20 Carry out such other duties with respect to Gaming Activities on Tribal Lands as required under applicable laws, including this Act, IGRA, and the Compact;

6.6.21 <u>Annual Reports</u>. On or before April 30th of each year, the Gaming Commission shall provide to the Business Committee an Annual Report summarizing its activities during the prior twelve (12) month period ending on December 31, and accounting for all receipts and disbursements, a copy of which shall be provided by the Business Committee to any Tribal member upon his or her request.

6.6.22 Carry out such other duties with respect to the regulation of gaming activities on the Reservation as the General Council shall direct.

~

 $\setminus$ 

(1)

J

# SMTC 6.7 Enforcement.

In the event it is determined that a licensee or the Gaming Enterprise has violated Applicable Law, including any internal control procedures or policy of the Gaming Enterprise, a written report of such incident shall immediately be made to the Commission. The Commission shall then determine what action should be taken, if any. If action is required, the Commission shall issue a citation to the Gaming Enterprise, notifying it of the specific violation(s) or issues, measures which must be taken for correction, and a reasonable time limit in view of all the circumstances in which such action must be taken. Copies of any such citation shall simultaneously be served on the Business Committee of the Tribe. The Commission may enforce such citations by: (a) suspending or revoking the licenses of any persons found to have violated Applicable Law; or (b) such lesser penalty or other remedy as the Commission shall determine, including the imposition of fines or sanctions. Nothing herein shall prevent or prohibit the Gaming Commission from seeking compliance assistance from local, federal, or state gaming or law enforcement agencies, the Bureau of Indian Affairs, or the National Indian Gaming Commission, particularly but not limited to any instance in which the Gaming Enterprise and the General Council have failed to correct a violation of Applicable Law.

# SMTC 6.8 Permitted Gaming Activities; Use of Funds; Regulation of Gaming Activities.

6.8.1 <u>Unauthorized Gaming Prohibited</u>. All Gaming Activities on Tribal Lands (Class I, II or III) are prohibited except as expressly permitted under this Act.

6.8.1.1 <u>Class I Gaming</u>. Class I Gaming Activities are hereby permitted to the extent consistent with Tribal custom and practice and provided the General Council is given at least seven (7) days prior notice in writing of any intention to engage in such gaming. The General Council may prohibit any conduct which is claimed to be Class I gaming if the Council finds that such conduct is not in accordance with Tribal customs or practices or violates IGRA or any other law.

6.8.1.2 <u>Class II and Class III Gaming</u>. Class II and Class III gaming on Tribal Lands are hereby authorized, provided the Tribe has the sole proprietary interest in and responsibility for the conduct of any Gaming Operation. The Tribe also reserves the right to contract with and license a person or entity to own, operate, or manage the Gaming Operation pursuant to the provisions of IGRA or as otherwise permitted by law. Nothing herein shall prohibit the Tribe from engaging the services of non-tribal persons as employees or engaging any person or entity to assist the Tribe in the management of a Gaming Activity pursuant to a management agreement entered into under the provisions of IGRA or any other applicable law. Class III gaming shall be conducted in accordance with a Tribal-State Compact, or any alternative thereto as provided by IGRA.

# SMTC 6.9 Gaming Revenues.

Except as provided for under the terms of an agreement pursuant to the provisions of IGRA or as otherwise permitted by law, all net revenues generated from any Class II or Class III Gaming Activity are the property of the Tribe. Net revenues from Class II and Class III Gaming Activities shall only be used for the following purposes:

7

6.9.1 To fund tribal government operations or programs;

- 6.9.2 To provide for the general welfare of the Tribe and its members;
- 6.9.3 To promote economic development for the Tribe;
- 6.9.4 To donate to charitable purposes; or
- 6.9.5 To help fund operations of local governmental agencies.

6.9.6 Except for rights to per capita payments, if any, or as set forth below, no Tribal member shall have any interest or expectation in any funds generated by any gaming activity. All such funds are deemed Tribal funds only and are and shall remain the property of the Tribe until disbursed, if at all, from the general treasury. The General Council shall retain the sole discretion as to how such funds are utilized, and once becoming part of the treasury such funds shall lose any identity as gaming revenues except to the extent necessary to identify them as such for accounting purposes or to comply with applicable law. Notwithstanding anything herein to the contrary, if the Tribe elects at any time to make per capita payments to the members, it shall authorize such payments only upon approval of a plan submitted to the Secretary of the Interior under 25 U.S.C. § 2710(b)(3). Payments out of general treasury funds to tribal members under other tribal programs, including those relating to health, welfare, education, elderly care, and housing, shall not be deemed to be "per capita" payments when such funds are paid from the Tribe's general treasury.

#### SMTC 6.10 Operation of Gaming Establishments.

6.10.1 <u>Gaming Facility License</u>. Except to the extent authorized by an agreement pursuant to the provisions of IGRA or as otherwise permitted by law, Gaming Activities shall only be conducted in tribally owned, operated and licensed facilities pursuant to the provisions of this Act, and the Tribe's Compact. Such activities shall be <u>conducted in accordance with the</u> terms and conditions of the license issued to the Gaming facility by the Tribal Gaming Agency prior to the <u>conduct of any Gaming Activities</u> therein.

The Gaming facility license shall <u>identify</u>: the name and address of the facility; type of gaming allowed; effective date of the license; name and telephone number of the Gaming Commission; and such other matters as the Gaming Commission may deem necessary to the conduct of Gaming Activities therein, or as may be required under a Compact or other applicable law.

6.10.2 <u>Protection of Environment and Public</u>. The construction and maintenance of any Gaming facility, and the operation of gaming therein, shall be conducted in a manner which adequately protects the environment and the public health and safety, in compliance with any standards required under tribal and federal law, and the Tribe's Compact.

6.10.3 <u>Dispute Resolution</u>. Patrons who have complaints against the gaming operation shall have the right to remedies provided in the Tribe's Tort Liability Ordinance. The maximum recovery for such patron dispute claims shall be \$10,000 per occurrence with a cumulative limit

of \$20,000 per patron in any twelve (12) month period unless otherwise provided in the Tort Liability Ordinance. Disputes between the gaming operation and any management contractor or its employees shall be subject to policies and procedures established under contracts and agreements between the parties.

# SMTC 6.11 Audits.

6.11.1 <u>Annual Audit</u>. The Gaming Commission shall ensure the engagement of a recognized independent accounting firm to conduct an annual audit of the Tribe's Class II and  $\checkmark$  Class III Gaming Operations.

6.11.2 <u>Contract Review and Audit</u>. Each gaming related contract for supplies, services, or concessions that results in purchases of more than \$25,000 annually (except contracts for professional legal or accounting services) relating to Class II or Class III gaming on the Tribal Lands shall be included in the independent audits. At least three (3) bids shall be required before any contract for goods or services in connection with any Gaming Activity for an amount in excess of \$5,000 or to be performed over a period of more than twenty (20) days may be executed. The General Council may waive the requirement of three (3) bids upon good cause shown. All proposals for bids as well as all bids received shall may be reviewed at the discretion of the Gaming Commission. The Gaming Commission shall receive a copy of all Gaming-Related Contracts for an amount in excess of \$10,000 for filing and possible review. To the extent possible, the Tribe will approve the lowest responsive and qualified bid.

6.11.3 <u>Reporting Audit Results</u>. The Tribe shall make available the results of each annual audit to the Tribe's General Council within thirty (30) days of completion of the audit. The Tribe shall provide audit results to the NIGC to the extent required and as otherwise required under applicable law.

# SMTC 6.12 Licenses.

6.12.1 The Tribe's Gaming Licensing procedure shall be administered through the Gaming Commission. The program shall be an investigative licensing process under which all applicants for Class II and Class III gaming licenses are evaluated against the standards set forth in, and subject to, the following applicable laws:

6.12.1.1 San Manuel Gaming Act of 1989, as amended, and any gaming regulations promulgated thereunder;

6.12.1.2 The IGRA and NIGC regulations;

6.12.1.3 Compact requirements, to the extent applicable; and

6.12.1.4 Any other applicable tribal, federal, or state laws.

6.12.2 <u>Licensing Policy and Requirements</u>. It is the policy of the Tribe that all Gaming Activities be licensed and controlled so as to protect the morals, good order and welfare of tribal members and other persons on Tribal Lands, and to preserve the honesty, fairness and integrity

4

**.**)

of such Gaming Activities. Accordingly, no person shall engage in any Class II or Class III Gaming Activities on Tribal Lands without a valid license issued by the Gaming Commission.

A labor union seeking to represent any Gaming Employees must also be deemed suitable under standards and licensing requirements established by the Gaming Commission. Class III Gaming Employees, Gaming Resource Suppliers, gaming management and investors may further be subject to State Gaming Agency investigation and suitability requirements, including issuance of a license or certification of suitability, under the Compact. Licenses shall be issued to persons or entities associated with gaming activities, and the Gaming Commission reserves the right to require drug and/or alcohol testing for any license applicant or licensees at any time. Applicants who are denied a license must wait two (2) years prior to re-applying for a gaming license.

Gaming Resource Suppliers and other vendors providing gaming related goods or services must qualify for and receive a license in order to do business with the gaming operation. Vendors providing other goods or services, and those providing gaming related goods or services valued at less than \$25,000 in a 12-month period, may also be required to obtain a license from the Gaming Commission prior to doing business with the Tribe's Gaming Operation.

Any gaming license or finding of suitability issued by the Gaming Commission shall be deemed a privilege, and is subject to suspension or revocation at any time. No license or license renewal shall be issued that would place the Tribe in violation of tribal law, the Compact, or any other applicable law. A gaming license or finding of suitability is subject to renewal at least every two (2) years.

6.12.3 <u>Burden on Applicant</u>. The burden of proving an applicant's qualifications to receive a license hereunder is at all times on the applicant. Applicants must accept any risk of adverse public notice, embarrassment or other action that may result from the application process and expressly waive any claim for damages as a result thereof.

6.12.4 <u>Applicant Claim of Privilege</u>. An applicant may claim any privilege afforded by law in connection with a gaming license application or investigation, but a claim of privilege with respect to any testimony or evidence pertaining thereto may constitute sufficient grounds for denial, suspension or revocation.

6.12.5 <u>Release of Information</u>. Persons applying for a license shall agree to release all information necessary in order for the Gaming Commission and any applicable federal or state entity to complete their suitability determination. Applicants must update all such information promptly on an on-going basis, and to furnish such information as may be required by the State Gaming Agency, or such other governmental agency as may be required by law.

# 6.12.6 Types of Licenses.

6.12.6.1 <u>Class A License</u>. Before permitting any person to become associated with any Gaming Activity as an investor or other person owning or controlling 10% or more interest in any management entity, or any primary management official, key employee, a gaming related position designated by the Gaming Commission as requiring a Class A license, closely associated independent contractor, or other individual or entity

with influence over the management or operation of the gaming, or a Gaming Employee, such person shall obtain a Class A license. The Gaming Commission shall conduct or cause to be conducted a background investigation to determine if such person has:

6.12.6.1.1 Any criminal record or any reputation, prior activities, habits or associations which might pose a threat to the public interest or to the effective regulation of gaming.

6.12.6.1.2 Anything else in his/her background that might create or enhance the dangers of unsuitable, unfair, or illegal practices, methods and activities in the conduct of gaming.

Those who at any time do not meet the above qualifications shall be denied a Class A license, or in the case of existing licenses, the license may be revoked.

6.12.6.2 <u>Class B License</u>. Persons who are not among those identified in subsection (1) above, but are to be employed at a gaming facility on Tribal Lands in another capacity, such as in non-gaming related activities, shall be required to obtain no less than a Class B or Class C license from the Gaming Commission. Such persons must establish that they have not been convicted of certain crimes or engaged in any activity which the Gaming Commission in its sole discretion deems to render such person a danger to the safety or integrity of the Gaming Activities, or to the safety and security of the Tribe, property of the Tribe, any tribal member, any gaming employee or patron, or the public.

6.12.6.3 <u>Class C License</u>. Minors employed in non-gaming activities at the Reservation may be issued a Class C license, provided that such minors are not deemed by the Gaming Commission to pose any threat to the safety or integrity of Gaming Activities or the safety or property of the Tribe, any Tribal member, any gaming employee or patron, or the public. Such license shall be valid for no more than two (2) years. Minors shall not be employed as dealers or otherwise to operate or supervise the Gaming Activities, or to serve liquor.

6.12.6.3 <u>Gaming Resource Supplier</u>. Gaming Resource Suppliers must meet all tribal and state licensing and suitability requirements. Any Gaming Resource Supplier who, directly or indirectly, provides, has provided, or is deemed likely to provide at least twenty-five thousand (\$25,000) in Gaming Resources in any 12-month period, or who has received at least twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000) in any consecutive 12-month period within the 24-month period immediately preceding application, shall be licensed by the Gaming Commission prior to the sale, lease, or distribution, or further sale, lease, or distribution, of any such Gaming Resources to or in connection with the Tribe's Gaming Operation or Facility. The Gaming Resource Supplier license must be renewed at least every two (2) years. The Tribe shall not enter into any contract or agreement that would require licensing if the Gaming Resource Supplier has been denied a license or is deemed unsuitable, or the license or suitability determination has expired without renewal.

6.12.6.4 <u>Union License</u>. Any labor union, including its management and representatives, shall be required to apply for and be deemed suitable to obtain a license in order to represent gaming operation employees.

6.12.6.5 <u>Vendor License</u>. Vendors who are deemed not to be Gaming Resource Suppliers or who provide only non-gaming related goods or services to the Tribal Gaming Operation shall, at minimum, complete a short form application and qualify for a vendor license issued by the Gaming Commission. Such license must be renewed at least every two (2) years and the Gaming Commission may require additional information or licensing at any time.

6.12.6.6 <u>Temporary or Provisional Licenses</u>. Pending completion of an investigation for a license, the Gaming Commission may issue a temporary or provisional license of no more than ninety (90) days duration if, in its sole discretion, it deems such issuance appropriate, and may grant an extension of such a license if necessary to complete the investigation or to obtain the results from fingerprint cards. Such licenses shall permit the licensee to engage in such activities pursuant to such terms and conditions as the Gaming Commission may specify. Temporary or provisional licenses shall expire ninety (90) days from date of issuance, upon issuance of a regular license, or until a specified expiration date, whichever occurs first.

6.12.7 <u>License Renewal</u>. All licenses shall be subject to renewal at least every two (2) years, and more frequently if so required by the Gaming Commission or other applicable law. Such licenses may be revoked or suspended upon the occurrence of any act which, if known during the application process, would have tended to disqualify such person or entity for such a license.

6.12.8 <u>License Investigations</u>. The Gaming Commission may employ all reasonable means, including engaging outside services and investigators and holding hearings, to acquire the information necessary to determine whether or not a license should be issued. Applicants shall agree to release all information necessary in order for the Gaming Commission to achieve its goals under this section and to furnish such information to the NIGC, a state gaming regulatory agency, or other agencies as may be required by tribal, federal, or state law or the Compact.

6.12.9 License Fees. Unless specifically waived by the Gaming Commission, all persons applying for a license shall be required to pay all applicable license fees and costs when due, including a reasonable deposit for costs that may be incurred in connection with the license application. Estimates of licensing costs will be provided to applicants upon reasonable request. All fees and costs must be received by the Gaming Commission prior to issuance of the license, unless the Tribe or the Gaming Operation has agreed to reimburse the Gaming Commission directly for all or part of such fees and costs.

6.12.10 <u>Standards</u>. All persons engaged by or associated with any Gaming Activity on Tribal Lands shall conduct themselves with honesty, integrity, and with such decorum and manners as necessary to reflect positively on the Tribe, its members and the Gaming Activities. Any failure to abide by such standards, or any violation of a rule, regulation, law, custom or tradition of the Tribe, the Gaming Commission, or the Gaming Operation, or with the terms or <sup>San Manuel Gaming Act</sup> conditions of the license, may be grounds for immediate suspension or revocation of any license issued hereunder.

6.12.11 <u>Appeals</u>. Within fifteen (15) days of receipt of written notice of, or thirty (30) days following issuance of a decision or order of the Gaming Commission, whichever first occurs, any party who is the subject of such decision or order may file a petition for reconsideration with the Gaming Commission. Upon receipt of a timely filed petition for reconsideration, the Gaming Commission shall within thirty (30) days thereafter either set the matter for hearing or issue an order thereon. No Commissioner shall provide any personal endorsement, recommendation or other support for an applicant in connection with such reconsideration or appeal. Any member of the Tribe whose application for a new or renewed license is denied by the Gaming Commission, or whose license is suspended or revoked by the Gaming Commission, may within thirty (30) days of receiving written notice of such action, or within ten (10) days of receiving written notice of the result of any reconsideration sought by such member, appeal to the General Council, which shall have the power to order that such license be issued or reinstated, <u>provided</u> that no such license shall be issued or reinstated for more than a one (1) year period. No license shall be issued unless consistent with NIGC, state and tribal suitability requirements.

#### 6.12.12 Background Investigations.

6.12.12.1 The Gaming Commission shall request from each Primary Management Official, Key Employee, and any other applicant for a Class A license, unless provided otherwise by the Gaming Commission consistent with applicable law, all of the information specified in subsections 6.12.12.1.1 through 6.12.12.1.14 below, as well as any other information required on the gaming license application. The Gaming Commission reserves the right, at any time, to request additional information during or subsequent to any background investigation.

6.12.12.1.1 Full name, other names used (oral or written), social security number(s), date of birth, place of birth, citizenship, gender, all languages (spoken or written);

6.12.12.1.2 Currently and for at least the previous ten (10) years: business and employment positions held, ownership interests in those businesses, business and residence addresses and drivers license number(s);

6.12.12.1.3 Names and current addresses of at least three (3) personal references (who are not related to or living in the same household with applicant), including one personal reference who was acquainted with the applicant during each period of residence as listed under subsection 6.12.12.1.2 above;

6.12.12.1.4 Current business and residence telephone numbers;

6.12.12.1.5 A description of any existing and previous business relationships with the gaming industry generally, including ownership interests in those businesses;

6.12.12.1.6 A description of any existing and previous business relationships with Indian tribes, including ownership interests in those businesses;

6.12.12.1.7 Name and address of any licensing or regulatory agency with which the person has ever filed an application for a license or permit related to gaming, whether or not such license or permit was granted;

6.12.12.1.8 For each felony for which there is an on-going prosecution or a conviction: the charge, the name and address of the court involved, and the date and disposition, if any, of the case;

6.12.12.1.9 For each misdemeanor conviction or on-going misdemeanor prosecution (excluding minor traffic violations) within ten (10) years of the date of the application: the name and address of the court involved, and the date and disposition, if any, of the case;

6.12.12.1.10 For each criminal charge (excluding minor traffic charges), whether or not there is or was a conviction, if such criminal charge is within ten (10) years of the date of the application and is not otherwise listed above pursuant to subsections 6.12.12.1.8 or 6.12.12.1.9 above: the criminal charge, the name and address of the court involved and the date and disposition, if any, of the case;

6.12.12.1.11 Name and address of any licensing or regulatory agency (federal, tribal, state, local or foreign) with which the person has filed an application for an occupational license or permit, whether or not such license or permit was granted;

6.12.12.1.12 Current photograph;

6.12.12.1.13 Any other information the Tribe or Gaming Commission deems relevant; and

6.12.12.1.14 Fingerprints consistent with procedures adopted by the Gaming Commission according to 25 C.F.R. § 522.2(h) and, as applicable, fingerprints to be processed through a state agency.

6.12.13 The Gaming Commission shall conduct or cause to be conducted, an investigation sufficient to make a determination of eligibility as required under this Act and other applicable law. This shall include verification of information submitted by the applicant. The

→ Gaming Commission shall document all potential problem areas noted and any disqualifying information. In conducting the background investigation, the Gaming Commission and its agents shall promise to keep confidential the identity of each person interviewed in the course of the investigation.

6.12.14 The Gaming Commission shall cause fingerprints to be taken of all applicants. Fingerprints will be forwarded to the NIGC and to the state agency, if applicable, consistent with all applicable laws and the Gaming Compact. Fingerprints shall be processed through the FBI 0

and/or other available state sources as applicable to determine the applicant's criminal history, if any.

6.12.15 <u>Eligibility Determination</u>. The Gaming Commission shall review a person's prior activities, criminal record, if any, and reputation, habits and associations to make a finding concerning the eligibility of a Key Employee or Primary Management Official for employment in the Gaming Enterprise. If the Gaming Commission determines that employment of the person poses a threat to the public interest or to the effective regulation of gaming, or creates or enhances dangers of unsuitable, unfair, or illegal practices and methods and activities in the conduct of gaming, the Gaming Operation shall not employ that person in a key employee or primary management official position or in any other position for which a Class A license is required.

## 6.12.16 Forwarding Licensing Applications and Reports to NIGC.

6.12.16.1 Unless otherwise provided by the NIGC, on or before the date any Key Employee or Primary Management Official is employed by a Gaming Operation authorized under this, the Gaming Commission shall forward to the NIGC the person's completed application for employment containing the information required under Section 6.12.12 of this Gaming Act.

6.12.16.2 Prior to issuing a license to a Primary Management Official or Key Employee, the Gaming Commission shall forward to the NIGC, together with a copy of the eligibility determination made under Section 6.12.15 above, an investigative report on each background investigation. The investigative report on each background investigation shall be forwarded to the NIGC within sixty (60) days after the employee begins work, or within sixty (60) days of the approval of this by the NIGC. The Gaming Operation shall not employ or continue to employ any person as a Key Employee or Primary Management Official who does not have a license within ninety (90) days of beginning work.

The investigative report shall include the following information:

6.12.16.2.1 Steps taken in conducting a background investigation;

- 6.12.16.2.2 Results obtained;
- 6.12.16.2.3 Conclusions reached; and
- 6.12.16.2.4 The bases for those conclusions.

6.12.16.3 The Gaming Commission shall provide to the NIGC or other applicable agency, any other reports and information required by IGRA and regulations promulgated thereunder. Further, with respect to Key Employees and Primary Management Officials, the Gaming Commission shall retain applications for employment and reports (if any) of background investigations for inspection by the NIGC for no less than three (3) years from the date of termination of employment.

6.12.16.4 If a license is not issued to an applicant, or the license is granted and later revoked, the Gaming Commission shall notify the NIGC and may forward copies of its eligibility determination and investigative report (if any) to the NIGC for inclusion in the Indian Gaming Individuals Records System.

#### 6.12.17 Granting a Gaming License.

6.12.17.1 If, within a thirty (30) day period after the NIGC receives a report as required under subsection 6.12.16 above, the NIGC notifies the Gaming Commission that it has no objection to the issuance of a license pursuant to the license application filed for a Key Employee or Primary Management Official for whom the Gaming Commission has provided an application and investigative report, the Gaming Commission may issue the license.

6.12.17.2 The Gaming Commission shall provide any additional information requested by the NIGC concerning a Key Employee or Primary Management Official who is the subject of a report as required under this subsection. An NIGC request for additional information shall suspend the thirty (30) day period established under subsection 9.15.1 above until the NIGC receives the additional information.

6.12.17.3 If, within the thirty (30) day period established under subsection 6.12.17.1 above, the NIGC provides a statement itemizing objections to issuance of a license to a Key Employee or Primary Management Official, the Gaming Commission shall reconsider the application, taking into account such objections. The Gaming Commission retains the right to make the final determination whether to issue the license to such applicant.

#### 6.12.18 License Suspension.

6.12.18.1 If, after issuing a gaming license, the Gaming Commission receives reliable information from the NIGC or other reliable source indicating that a Key Employee or a Primary Management Official is not eligible for employment under the eligibility criteria established in Section 6.12 above, the Gaming Commission shall suspend the license and notify the licensee in writing of the license suspension and proposed revocation.

6.12.18.2 The Gaming Commission shall notify the licensee of a time and place for a hearing on the proposed revocation of a license.

6.12.18.3 After the revocation hearing, the Gaming Commission shall determine whether to revoke or to reinstate the gaming license. For actions taken in response to information provided by the NIGC, the Gaming Commission shall notify the NIGC of its decision.

6.12.19 <u>Facilities Licenses</u>. Before Gaming Activities can be conducted therein, the Gaming Commission shall inspect and license each such facility in accordance with this Act, the Compact, and any requirements of IGRA. The Gaming Commission shall also determine and

certify that the gaming facility and any new gaming facility construction meets the Tribe's building and safety codes, and any applicable federal or Compact requirements, and issue a certificate of occupancy to the facility as required under the Compact.

6.12.20 <u>Effect of Compact</u>. Notwithstanding anything in this Section 6.12 or any other part of this Act to the contrary, any licensing procedures required under the Compact shall be implemented as provided therein, and the Gaming Commission may adopt regulations integrating such procedures with the foregoing.

# SMTC 6.13 Application Forms.

6.13.1 Each application form for a Key Employee or a Primary Management Official, as well as for all other Class A license applicants, unless otherwise specifically exempted by the Gaming Commission consistent with applicable law, shall contain the notices set forth in subsections 6.13.1.1 and 6.13.1.2 below:

# 6.13.1.1 Privacy Act Notice.

In compliance with the Privacy Act of 1974, the following information is provided: Solicitation of the information on this form is authorized by 25 U.S.C. § 2701 <u>et seq</u>. The purpose of the requested information is to determine the eligibility of individuals to be employed in a gaming operation. The information will be used by the San Manuel Band of Mission Indians and the National Indian Gaming Commission members and staff who have need for the information in the performance of their official duties. The information may be disclosed to appropriate federal, tribal, state, local, or foreign law enforcement and regulatory agencies when relevant to civil, criminal or regulatory investigations or prosecutions or when pursuant to a requirement by a Tribe or the National Indian Gaming Commission in connection with the hiring or firing of an employee, the issuance or revocation of a gaming license, or investigations of activities while associated with a Tribe or a gaming operation. Failure to consent to the disclosures indicated in this notice will result in a Tribe's being unable to hire you in a Primary Management Official or Key Employee position.

The disclosure of your Social Security Number (SSN) is voluntary. However, failure to supply a SSN may result in errors in processing your application.

6.13.1.2 Notice Regarding False Statements.

A false statement on any part of your application may be grounds for not hiring you, or for firing you after you begin work. Also, you may be punished by fine or imprisonment. (U.S. Code, title 18, § 1001)

6.13.1.2.1 Any existing Key Employee or Primary Management Official, or other Class A licensee, unless otherwise specifically exempted by the Gaming Commission, shall be notified that they shall either:

6.13.1.2.2 Complete a new application form that contains the Privacy Act Notice and the Notice Regarding False Statements; or

6.13.1.2.3 Sign a statement that contains the Privacy Act Notice and consent to the routine uses described in that Notice, and sign a statement that contains the Notice Regarding False Statements.

# SMTC 6.14 Class III Gaming; Compact.

In addition to the provisions set forth above, Class III gaming shall be engaged in on the reservation pursuant to a Tribal-State Compact or by an alternative as provided by IGRA. All negotiations for such compacts and amendments thereto shall be conducted through the Tribal Chairman, with the advice and suggestion of the Gaming Commission, and shall be finalized only upon majority vote of the General Council after consideration of the terms. In the event the provisions of a Compact, as approved under IGRA, may be inconsistent with provisions herein, the approved Compact provisions shall govern, but only to the extent inconsistent with this Act.

# SMTC 6.15 Interest in Management Contracts by Tribal Officials.

No elected official of the Tribe, including the Gaming Commission, or any other committee or agency of the Tribe, shall have a financial interest in or management responsibility for any management agreement entered into pursuant to IGRA, nor shall such elected official serve on the board of directors or hold (directly or indirectly) ten percent (10%) or more of the issued and outstanding stock of any corporation, or 10% or more of the beneficial interest in any partnership, trust, or other entity, in any such corporation, partnership, trust or other entity having a financial interest in, or management responsibility for, such contract.

# <u>SMTC 6.16</u> Gaming by Tribal Members; Interest in Management Contracts by Tribal Officials.

No Tribal member shall engage in or be permitted to engage in either directly or indirectly through another person, any Class II or Class III Gaming Activities authorized hereunder. No elected official of the General Council, Gaming Commission, or any other committee or agency of the Tribe shall have a financial interest in or management responsibility for, any management agreement entered into pursuant to IGRA, nor shall such elected official serve on the board of directors or hold (directly or indirectly) ten percent (10%) or more of the issued and outstanding stock of any corporation having a financial interest in, or management responsibility for, such contract.

## SMTC 6.17 Service of Process.

The Tribe designates the Chairperson of the Tribe as its agent for the service of official determinations, orders, or notices of violation from any federal or state agency. The Chairperson of the Gaming Commission shall also receive any notice related to gaming from any state, local or federal agency, including the NIGC and the State Gaming Agency.

# SMTC 6.18 Tribal Gaming Corporation.

Nothing in this Act shall prevent the Tribe, through its General Council, from delegating the authority to conduct gaming to one or more Tribal corporations, so long as the tribal gaming enterprises to which such authority is delegated agree to meet all criteria and requirements established under this Gaming Act.

# SMTC 6.19 Prior Gaming Ordinances; Effective Date.

To the extent inconsistent with this Ordinance all prior gaming ordinances are hereby repealed on the effective date of this Ordinance. After adoption by the General Council, this Ordinance and any subsequent amendments thereto become effective on the date of final approval by the NIGC, as applicable.

## SMTC 6.20 Severability.

If any provision or application of this Gaming Act is determined by review to be invalid, such determination shall not be held to render such provision inapplicable to other persons or circumstances, nor shall such determination render invalid any other provision of this Gaming Act.

## SMTC 6.21 Amendments.

All provisions of this Gaming Act are subject to amendment by the General Council. Regulations promulgated by the Gaming Commission under this Gaming Act are subject to amendment by the Gaming Commission.

## SMTC 6.22 Sovereign Immunity Preserved.

Nothing in this Gaming Act is intended or shall be construed as a waiver of the sovereign immunity of the Tribe, and no manager, officer, or employee of the Gaming Commission or the Tribe or the Gaming facility shall be authorized, nor shall they attempt, to waive the immunity of the Tribe.