

Fundamentals of IT Regulation and Gaming Technology

Division of Technology



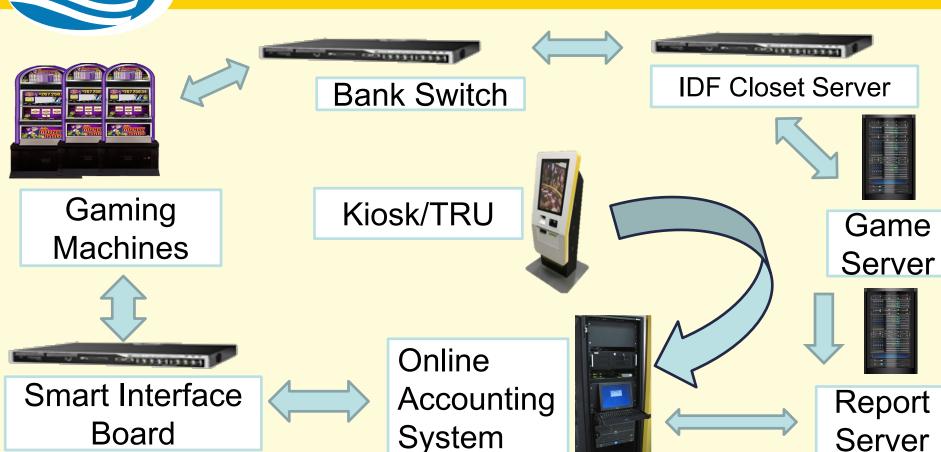


Overview

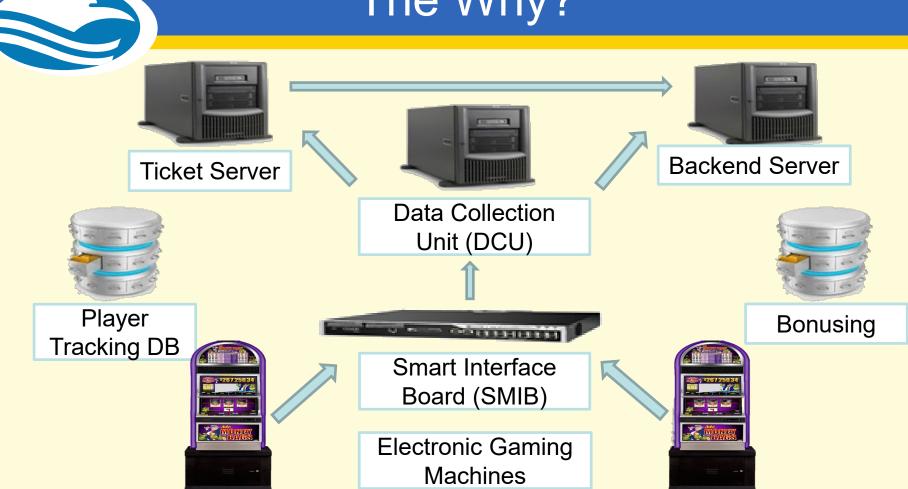
- Regulations: The Why?
 - Class II and III Networks
 - Typical Government Regulations
 - Insider Threat %'s
- Industry IT Standards to NIGC Regulations
 - Map IT Exercise
- NIGC IT AUP Information
 - ITVA Vulnerability Assessment
 - Common ITVA Concerns



The Why?



The Why?





The Why?



STANDARDS – refers to the principles behind work and values associated.

REGULATIONS – refers to the set of laws and rules that need to be followed while performing certain tasks.











Typical Government Regulations



The Why? Insider Threats



59%

Of employees who leave voluntarily or involuntarily say they take sensitive data with them.



90%

Of IT employees indicate that if they lost their jobs, they'd take sensitive company data with them.



51%

Of employees involved in an insider threat incident had a history of violating IT security policies.



25%

Of employees have used email to exfiltrate sensitive data from an organization.

NIST Cyber Security Framework

Identify

Protect

Detect

Respond

Response Planning

Communications

Recover

Asset Management

Awareness and Training

Data Security Info Protection

Access Control

Procedures Maintenance

Processes and

Protective

Anomalies and Events

Security Continuous Monitoring

Detection Processes

Analysis

Mitigation

Improvements

Improvements

Recovery Planning

Communications

NIST National Institute of Standards and Technology U.S. Department of Commerce

Governance

Risk Assessment

Environment

Business

Risk Management Strategy

Technology



IT Standards



Portfolio Strategy

Financial Management

Service Portfolio Management

Release

Design

(Product Management)

Capacity Management

Availability Management

Security Management

Continuity Management

Demand Management

Service Catalogue Management

Transition

(Development)

Transition Planning & Support

> Service Assets & Configuration Management

Change Management

Service Validation & Testing

Knowledge Management

Deployment Management

Evaluation

Operation

(Support)

Service Desk

Incident Management

Event management

Request Fulfilment

Problem Management

Access Management

Application Management

IT Operation

Management

Technical Management

Continual Improvement

(Quality)

The 7- Step Improvement Process

Quality Management System

Business Questions For CSI

ROI For CSI

Service Management

Service Reporting





NIGC MICS 543.20

Data Backups Controls must include adequate backup, including, but not limited to, the following: Daily data backup of critical information technology systems

User Controls Systems, including application software, must be secured with passwords or other means for authorizing access

Supervision

Controls must identify the supervisory agent in the department or area responsible for ensuring that the department or area is operating in accordance with established policies and procedures

Incident Monitoring

Procedures must be implemented for responding to, monitoring, investigating, resolving, documenting, and reporting security incidents associated with information technology systems

Logical Security

Controls must be established and procedures implemented to protect all systems and to ensure that access to the following is restricted and secured



Map IT - NIST to 543.20

Supervision

Identify

Governance

User Controls

Protect

Access Control

Logical Security

Detect

Security **Monitoring**

Incident Monitoring

Respond

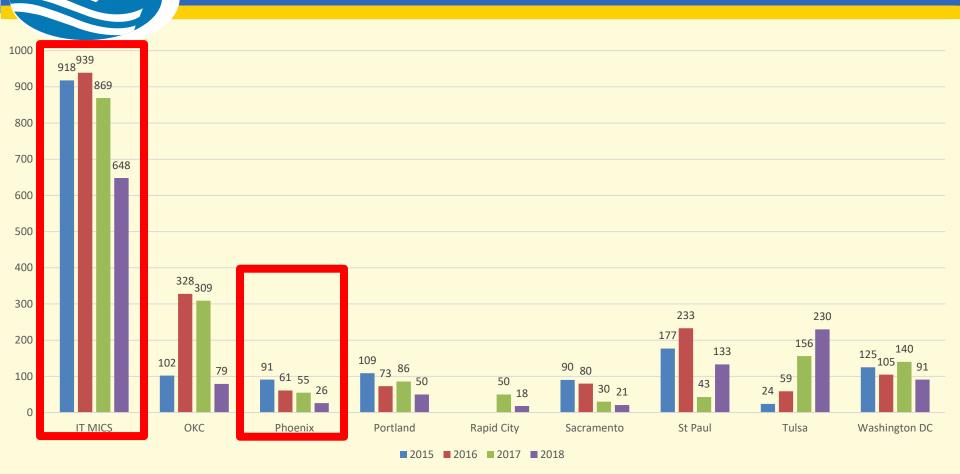
Response **Planning**

Data Backups

Recover

Recovery **Planning**

IT Agreed Upon Procedures





User Controls – f(5)

Access credentials of terminated users must be deactivated within an established time period approved by the TGRA.



23 Findings



User Controls – f(5)

Testing: 1. Review TICS, SICS, P&Ps and Employee Manuals for employee, IT Management and Human Resources action when compromised credentials are reported. **2.** Review user access lists for former employees





Class II gaming systems' logical and physical controls c(4)

Class II gaming systems' logical and physical controls. Controls must be established and procedures implemented to ensure adequate:

Record keeping and audit processes;



18 Findings



Class II gaming systems' logical and physical controls c(4)

Testing: Review SICS and audit results with findings from previous internal and external audits and also any records kept by the IT operation.





2018 AUP Honorable Mentions



Supervision a(1)



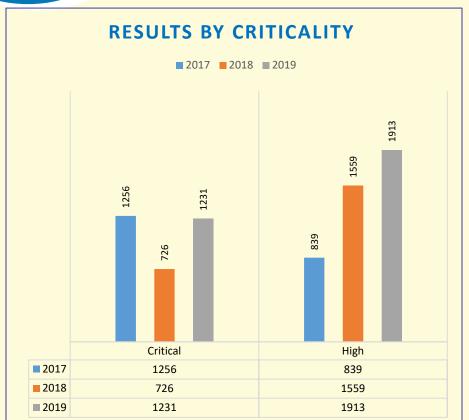
Class II gaming systems logical & physical controls c(1&5)

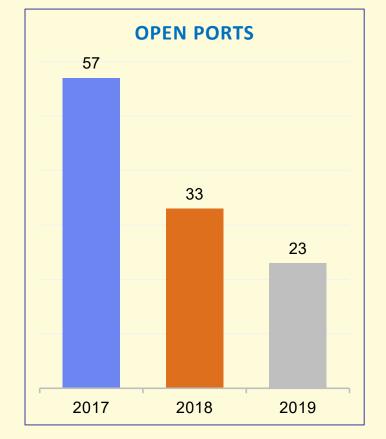


Data Backups j(3)



IT Vulnerability Assessment Metrics

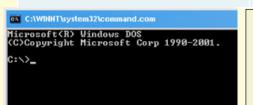






Vulnerability Scoring Calculator

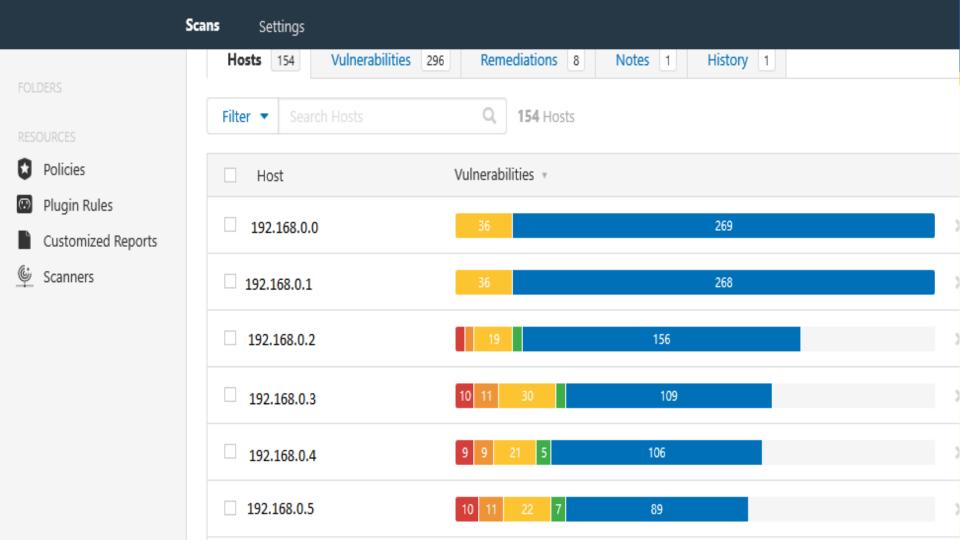
Critical	High	Medium	Low
Remote Execution of Code	DOS - Denial of Service	Information Disclosure	Lower quality encryption













Common ITVA Concerns



Older Network Infrastructures



Windows XP/7/Old PC's



Missing Software

Patches



Open Network
Ports



Questions?

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