National Indian Gaming Commission Consultation April 5, 2017 Talking Stick Resort Scottsdale, Arizona Reported by: Kimberly Portik, RMR, CRR, CRC Certified Reporter No. 50149 CHAIRMAN CHAUDHURI: Okay. I guess we'll go
 ahead and begin.

I want to thank everybody for taking the 3 time to be here today. I know a lot's going on in 4 5 conjunction with the Federal Bar Indian Law Conference, but just wanted to start before turning it over to the 6 person we are very honored to open this Consultation up 7 for us, how much of an honor it is for all of us to be 8 here at Salt River Pima-Maricopa Indian Community. We are 9 honored to be here and we are also honored to be having 10 11 this Consultation in Arizona.

We recognize the impact Arizona has had on the national gaming landscape, and more specifically we recognize the impact that Salt River and Nations in the Phoenix area have had on compact discussions and the text for Indian gaming in Arizona and beyond.

17 So with that, we are very honored to have the president of Salt River Pima-Maricopa Indian Community 18 19 here with us, President Delbert Ray, and he has agreed to open us up with a blessing and brief statement. So this 20 happens to be President Ray's birthday week, and so in 21 addition to all the attorneys from the Nation being here 22 in town, he has a million meetings going on and has his 23 birthday this week, so we are especially pleased and 24 25 honored to have him here to open this up.

So with that, President Ray, thank you.
 PRESIDENT RAY: Thank you.

First of all, I'd like to start out with a
prayer, so if it's your custom to stand. (Speaking in
Native language.)

6 You may be seated. I just want to say thank 7 you and good afternoon to each one of you. On behalf of Akimel O'Odham, the River People, and Xalychidom Piipaash, 8 9 people that live toward the river, just want to welcome 10 you to our place here. We are one community, but we are 11 composed of two different Tribes. And I'll say that I 12 want to welcome Chairman Chaudhuri and the Commissioners. 13 It is a pleasure to have you here today for this important 14 Consultation meeting.

15 For me, what I see is a rapid change in the gaming industry as a result much of the activity on the 16 17 regulatory side of gaming just to keep up with the continuous change that we see on the operation side. 18 Here 19 in Arizona, we -- you may well know the state and many of the gaming Tribes in the state are in discussions to, 20 quote, modernize our compacts. That's the word that the 21 22 governor uses, and some of us may be familiar with that 23 term. Well, this is now an ongoing process. We do know 24 that this will affect both the operations of Tribal gaming 25 here in Arizona as well as the regulatory framework.

1 For our community we see both the challenges 2 of working through complex issues, but we also see 3 opportunity to be able to generate more revenue for the benefit of all our community members. And all these 4 5 activities, it is always important to be able to communicate with respect to Tribal, state, and federal 6 7 agencies to make sure that what we are doing is in the best path for the Indian gaming industry. 8

9 As it looks like a long agenda for this 10 meeting this afternoon, it is my hope this Consultation 11 will be constructive and worthwhile for both the 12 Commission and both Tribal interests.

Again, I just want to welcome you. Got a long week here. We've had a long week as far as activity. Tomorrow I don't know if you'll be here, but also the Federal Bar, I think this is our third year that we've hosted this event, and CLEs and everything else, you know. But I just want to welcome each and every one of you.

And gaming is a very important part of Tribal Nations. You know? And this morning as I shared with VAWA, the Violence Against Women Act, group this morning, you know, I told them about how important this freeway is to us, it is open. You know, back in the day it was the river. We are the River People, and that's where we got our sustenance, everything. And nowadays

it's the freeway because it brings us many opportunities. 1 2 And, again, you know, for me, I'm the 24th 3 president of Salt River Community, and I stand on the shoulders of leaders who had a vision. You know, right 4 5 now I'm just reaping all the benefit of all that's been done by former leadership. We've done a lot here at Salt 6 River with gaming and we have a lot more to do. Right now 7 we are at 10,300 plus, our membership. And I appreciate 8 9 such organizations as NIGC that oversees, regulates gaming 10 to make it to be an industry with integrity.

11 So I thank you for all that you do. Again, 12 it's -- I have a Council meeting to get to, but I just 13 want to thank you, Chairman Chaudhuri, and all that are 14 here. Safe travels to each of you. God bless you.

15 CHAIRMAN CHAUDHURI: Thank you.

16 (Applause)

17 CHAIRMAN CHAUDHURI: Thank you, President, and early happy birthday. We have a little something for 18 19 you that I'll have to actually hand deliver. It got lost on the flight, but I'll make sure if we don't get it to 20 you during this conference we get it to you at National 21 22 Indian Gaming Association's conference next week. But happy birthday. Thank you so much for that opening. 23 24 PRESIDENT RAY: Thank you.

25 CHAIRMAN CHAUDHURI: So (speaking in Native

language). Welcome, everyone, and blessings to you all
 today.

My name is Jonodev Chaudhuri. I'm Muscogee Creek and East Indian (indiscernible). I'm proud of both my heritages, proud to be a member of First Nations as well as the nation -- as well as the first American-born person on my father's side. So it's always an honor to be in Indian Country for any reason, but particularly in conjunction with work that we do at NIGC.

10 I'm going to get out in a moment and turn it over to my fellow Commissioners to provide some opening 11 12 remarks, but today's Consultation is part of our ongoing 13 commitment to working with our partners before we put pen to paper on any major actions that we take as an agency. 14 It's consistent with national Consultation policy and 15 16 consistent with our internal NIGC policy that -- far and 17 above policies, the work that we do requires us to have meaningful day-in-and-day-out relationships with Tribal 18 19 leadership as well as Tribal regulators. We are a part of a regulatory structure that includes Tribes as the primary 20 regulators of Indian gaming. And so just as a matter of 21 22 survival and necessity, our meaningful consultation is important to us. 23

I want to thank everybody for taking the time to be here today. We have the room set up in a б

circle, and I would like to encourage anybody who wants to sit at the circle to participate at the circle so that we can really approach this as a two-way dialogue and two-way conversation. But we understand that people -- there's a lot going on right now. People may need to go in and out of meetings. And if you want to sit closer to the doors, that's fine.

8 But wanted to say again thank you so much 9 for being here today. I want to turn it over to my fellow 10 Commissioners before we get into some housekeeping items 11 and start the Consultation format. So I'll turn it over 12 to our Vice Chair.

MS. ISOM-CLAUSE: Hi. I'm Kathy
Isom-Clause. I'm Vice Chair of the Commission, and I'm
Taos Pueblo.

16 I'd also like to thank the Salt River
17 Pima-Maricopa Indian Community for having us here, and I'd
18 like to thank him for his words, setting us off on a good
19 path, a productive path for our Consultation.

I'd also like to echo the Chairman's words about the importance of ongoing dialogue, about this being a bilateral conversation, that we are not (indiscernible) regulations or policies but really working with the regulated communities. We are all here to make sure that we are doing the best work that we can.

1 Just one more housekeeping point that I'd 2 also like to mention. We are in the process of developing our required strategic plan, and the Consultation topics 3 that we have today reflect many of the Commission's 4 5 priorities. So the comments we hear throughout the process will be used to form the strategic plan as well. 6 And there's going to be opportunity at a later date this 7 year to review comment on that plan separately, and we 8 will keep you informed as we know more about that process 9 10 going forward.

11 So (speaking in Native language). I'd like 12 to thank you all for being here and having this dialogue 13 with us and look forward to hearing your comments.

14 I will turn it over to

15 Commissioner Simermeyer.

16 MR. SIMERMEYER: Thank you. Good afternoon. I'm Sequoyah Simermeyer, the third member of the 17 Commission, and I'm a member of the Coharie Tribe in North 18 19 Carolina and want to join my colleagues in both thanking the Indian Community here for hosting us and for having 20 the opportunity to engage this Consultation and also their 21 sentiments about the importance of having a collaborative 22 relationship with Indian Country. It's -- I'm 23 appreciative that -- all the Commission shares an 24 25 appreciation for our responsibilities to engage with the

Tribes, and not just because it makes our decisions more 1 defensible and more informed and more accurate but because 2 it helps define and maintain our unique relationship 3 through the federal government and Tribal governments. 4 5 So thanks so much for your time, and we are

looking forward to this conversation today. б

7 CHAIRMAN CHAUDHURI: Thank you, Commissioners. 8

9 So let me raise a few points regarding our format today. We have subject matter experts who will 10 give some brief background about each of the topics that 11 12 we are here to discuss. I think we have six topics, and we have subject matter experts to lay the opening -- the 13 framework for each. We are going to introduce those 14 folks, but we have a lot of dedicated members of the NIGC 15 team primarily from our regional office here with us as 16 17 well. I'll leave introductions of our team in total to our individual introductions we'll have when we go around 18 19 the room. So what I mean by that, let me just start by saying who our subject matter experts are who are going to 20 21 help us open things up.

22 We have our division of technology director here with us today, Mr. Travis Waldo. We have our finance 23 director, Yvonne Lee. We have our training manager, Steve 24 25 Brewer. We have our chief of staff, Shannon O'Loughlin.

And from the Office of General Counsel, our associate
 general counsel, Ms. Heather Corson here. We have other
 members in the back.

4 But, again, the purpose of these 5 Consultations is meaningful two-way dialogue. In addition to informing NIGC about concerns or questions that Indian 6 Country has, we always think there's some benefit to all 7 of us learning from each other. So we always open up our 8 9 Consultations with an introduction of everyone in the room. As we do this, I do want to let everyone know we 10 have a transcriber with us. At the end of this 11 12 Consultation, all comments will be transcribed, again, for the benefit of our fellow regulators, benefit of Indian 13 gaming partners. And at the end of our Consultation 14 series, towards the end of June we will be compiling all 15 comments and evaluating all comments as we consider 16 17 appropriate next steps on each of the Consultation topics that we will discuss today. 18

19 So bottom line as we go around and introduce 20 who we are, if you could please say your name and spell 21 your name if possible for the transcriber, as well as 22 please state what community you are here to represent, 23 that will help facilitate all of our conversation today. 24 So with that, I'm going to turn it over to 25 all of you so you can all introduce yourselves and get to know -- get to know each other a little bit better. And
 I'll start over with the executive director of Tonto
 Apache.

4 MR. HOOSAVA: My name is Ferrell Hoosava.
5 I'm with Tonto Apache Tribe. I'm the executive director.
6 MR. NANTY: Hubert Nanty, with the Tonto
7 Apache Tribe.

8 MR. NIXON: Sam Nixon. I'm the executive9 director here at Salt River.

MR. GARCIA: (Speaking in Native language.)
My name is Albert A. Garcia, Junior. I'm from the Pascua
Yaqui Tribe, the executive director of gaming office.

MS. LOPEZ: Good morning. I'm Maria Lopez,and I'm the deputy chief at Pascua Yaqui Tribe.

MS. FERREIRA: Good morning. My name is Judy Ferreira. I am the Phoenix regional (indiscernible) at the National Indian Gaming Commission. Happy to see everybody.

MR. OLEA: Good morning. My name is MR. OLEA: Good morning. My name is Francisco Olea. I'm with the Pascua Yaqui Tribe, contract employee for the Office of the Attorney General and a law student.

MS. LOMAYESVA: Good afternoon, everyone.
My name is Amanda Lomayesva. I'm the assistant attorney
general with the Pascua Yaqui Tribe.

1 MS. CASTILLION: Good morning. My name is 2 Sylvia Castillion, and I am with Salt River Pima-Maricopa 3 Indian Community, community regulatory agency department. 4 MS. JIM-MONTOYA: Melissa Jim-Montoya, also 5 with Salt River Pima-Maricopa Indian Community. б MR. RUSS: By the way, I'm Tim Russ. I'm 7 with the local Phoenix regional office of the National Indian Gaming Commission. 8 9 MS. SAMUEL: Good afternoon. Shawna Samuel. I'm a compliance officer with the Phoenix regional office 10 11 as well. 12 MR. PAGE: Good afternoon. My name is Robert Page. I'm with the Colorado River Indian Tribes 13 14 Councilmembers. 15 MR. STEVENS: Granthum Stevens, Colorado River Indian Tribes Councilmember. 16 17 MR. KILLSBACK: This is my first time. The president -- Chairman. Sorry. Good afternoon. Dion 18 19 Killsback, attorney with the law firm Rosette, LLP, member 20 of the Cheyenne Tribe. 21 MS. GRUBB: Hello, everyone. My name is 22 Mariah Grubb. I work with the Commission in the headquarter office. 23 2.4 MS. ECHO-HAWK: Hi. Lael Echo-Hawk, 25 attorney with Hobbs Straus, Seminole Tribe of Florida,

1 Athabascan Indian and (indiscernible) Tribes.

2 MR. HORVATH: Hello. Mark Horvath, 3 attorney, Fort McDowell Yavapai Nation. 4 MR. RAMOS: Good afternoon. Javier Ramos, 5 in-house counsel, Gila River Indian Community. б MR. WATERMAN: Donavan Waterman, Tonto 7 Apache Tribe. 8 MR. TIINNIN: I'm Junior Tiinnin. I 9 represent the Tonto Apache Tribe. 10 MS. SFIRIDIS: Hello. Stephanie Sfiridis, 11 law clerk, Mashpee Wampanoag Tribe. 12 CHAIRMAN CHAUDHURI: Thank you, everyone, 13 for introducing yourselves. 14 As I mentioned, this is really the discussion for all of us to benefit from. 15 Some housekeeping items. We are going to have six topics: 16 17 first one being rural outreach; second one being developing strong Tribal workforce through training; third 18 19 one being management, contract regulations, and procedures; fourth one being technical standards for 20 mobile gaming devices; fifth one being fees; and sixth one 21 22 involving draft voluntary guidance for class III minimum control -- internal control standards. Let me repeat that 23 24 again. It's voluntary guidance. Mr. Stevens, I'm looking 25 in your direction. Voluntary, voluntary nonbinding

guidance regarding class III minimum internal controls.
 And did I say voluntary? I don't know if anybody heard me
 say voluntary, nonbinding guidance regarding class III
 minimum internal control.

5 So we have six topics. We are going to open it up to background statements. We have a lot of ground 6 to cover and we have a lot of time on the agenda, but 7 there's no crime in finishing early. And so I want 8 everybody to have a full opportunity to get any statements 9 10 that they want on the record on the record. If we exhaust all conversation and all statements, we may finish well 11 12 before our allotted time. That said, we also understand sometimes there are travel arrangements that all of you 13 may have made and you may need to get out of here soon. 14 So if somebody needs to get a statement on the record, 15 please raise your hand and we will work you in at the 16 17 outset before the actual background presentations.

18 Does anybody need to catch a plane or get 19 out of here right now? Okay.

20 So we'll just kind of move forward with our 21 standard agenda. We are going to hear -- we are going to 22 open it up for questions and answers and dialogue at the 23 end of each topic. Once we go through all the topics, we 24 will have a catchall conversation. And so I don't want 25 anybody to feel like this is the only bite of the apple to

get statements on the record. As I mentioned, we are 1 going to have a rolling review process that's going to 2 culminate at the end of June. If anybody wants to submit 3 written comments during this period, we will review all 4 5 written comments whenever they're submitted. Beyond that, if there are additional comments relating to a previous 6 topic that somebody wants to raise, that's the purpose of 7 the catchall conversation at the end. I want this to be 8 part of an ongoing conversation. We are just going to go 9 through things topic by topic in the interest of 10 structure, but I don't want anybody to feel like there's 11 12 only one bite at the apple.

13 So before we begin, I do want to do some self marketing. We encourage vibrant dialogue today, but 14 as you are driving home and you wish you had said 15 something on the record, keep in mind we have other 16 17 Consultations coming up down the pike. Next week we will be in San Diego in conjunction with the National Indian 18 19 Gaming Association's annual conference. We will be hosting Consultations both on the six topics we are 20 discussing today and we will have an additional 21 22 conversation regarding class II grandfathering provisions. 23 So we encourage you to get the word out regarding that 2.4 Consultation.

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Next week, and I'm looking at Mr. Killsback

back there, we are very excited to be hosting a 1 2 Consultation in Billings, Montana. So robust participation, but Northern Cheyenne Nation as well as if 3 anybody goes out there would be greatly appreciated and 4 5 encouraged. It's going to be the fruition of a promise we made a few years ago to hold a Consultation in the plains 6 areas and someplace other than Rapid City or St. Paul. So 7 we are coming out to Billings for that specific purpose. 8

9 Beyond that, in addition to that, on May 4th we will be hosting a Consultation in conjunction with the 10 Southern Gaming Summit in Biloxi, Mississippi. May 25th, 11 12 we have -- the details are still being hammered out, but we are going to be holding a Consultation in conjunction 13 with the Affiliated Tribes of Northwest Indians Conference 14 in Portland, Oregon. So I encourage everybody to get the 15 word out about these ongoing Consultations, submit 16 17 comments as necessary, but never be afraid to approach any of us individually. We always make a point of being 18 19 engaged on a first-name basis with our partners. Consultation is a broad concept that also includes the 20 one-on-one relationships that we all have. 21 22 So those are some of the Consultations we 23

23 have coming around the corner, that's a little bit of 24 background about how today's Consultation will be 25 structured. At the end of each subject matter

presentation, I encourage all of you to be -- don't be
 shy, ask questions, yell at us, call us names if you need
 to, and we're here to really engage.

4 So with that, I'll start us -- I mean, we 5 will start off with our first topic, which is rural 6 outreach. And I'm going to turn it over to our chief of 7 staff, Ms. Shannon O'Loughlin.

8 MS. O'LOUGHLIN: Hello. My name is Shannon 9 Keller O'Loughlin. I'm a citizen of the Choctaw Nation of 10 Oklahoma, and I'm also chief of staff with the National 11 Indian Gaming Commission.

I'm very happy to be here, always happy to I be in Arizona, where I spent my college career and some of my early attorneyhood here as well. So nice to see see everybody, and thank you for letting us be here.

16 So let's get right into it. Rural outreach. 17 This -- our rural outreach initiative was initiated by 18 Chairman Chaudhuri a couple of years ago. We have a rural 19 outreach coordinator who is stationed in Billings, 20 Montana, who is working on our initiative. And so I'm 21 going to tell you a little bit about that and hope to hear 22 from you.

23 So the NIGC would like to consult with you 24 on our rural outreach initiative. We all know in Indian 25 Country that most of our Tribal lands are in rural areas.

Reaching out to smaller gaming operations that may not be 1 situated near a strong market is an important initiative 2 of the agency. The NIGC recognizes the likely correlation 3 between proximity to large population centers and the 4 5 viability of economic opportunities for Tribes; therefore, NIGC appreciates that its functions will likely benefit 6 from a greater understanding of the unique needs of 7 smaller operations. 8

9 NIGC has historically taken into account the needs and capabilities of smaller gaming operations 10 through its regulations. For instance, NIGC's regulations 11 12 for minimum internal control standards and accounting requirements differ between tier A facilities that earn 13 less than 8 million, tier B facilities that earn between 8 14 and 15 million, and tier C facilities that earn over 15 16 15 million. And we know from annual gross gaming revenue that the majority of Tribal gaming operations throughout 17 Indian Country are smaller facilities with lower gross 18 gaming revenue. Many small, rural gaming operations 19 provide their communities with much needed jobs but may 20 earn little net revenue to support Tribal government 21 22 services.

The Commission has a responsibility to review regulations to assure the compliance is reasonable and achievable for all Tribal operations while protecting

the integrity of gaming as a whole. The NIGC may find
 through this Consultation and from your comments that
 current regulations could be amended to better address the
 regulatory needs of smaller operations.

5 In addition, the NIGC provides technical 6 assistance and training to all Tribes and enforces 7 regulations to ensure Tribes are the primary beneficiaries 8 of the gaming operations. If the agency can provide 9 training and technical assistance better suited to smaller 10 operations, the agency would appreciate your feedback on 11 that as well.

12 In addition, in order to better meet technical assistance and training needs of small, rural 13 Tribes, the Commission is also considering creating an 14 eighth region that would include North Dakota, South 15 Dakota, Wyoming, and Montana. These states are currently 16 17 served out of the St. Paul region, which is the largest administrative region of the agency and currently covers 18 19 9 states, 59 Tribes, and 144 gaming operations.

To help address the need of western Tribes in the region, in 2003 the Rapid City satellite office was added to the St. Paul region to better reach the gaming operations in North Dakota, South Dakota, Wyoming, and Montana. By splitting up the St. Paul and Rapid City offices into separate administrative regions, the St. Paul

regional office would then cover only 5 states ó 1 2 Minnesota, Iowa, Wisconsin, Michigan, and Nebraska ó 37 3 Tribes and 95 Tribal gaming operations. The new Rapid City regional office would cover 4 states ó Montana, 4 5 Wyoming, North and South Dakota ó 22 Tribes, and 45 Tribal gaming operations. This split will not take away 6 resources or budget from any region and only split the 7 resources between the St. Paul and Rapid City offices as 8 9 appropriate.

10 The NIGC would like to hear any questions or feedback and asks specifically for your discussion and 11 12 comments about whether regulatory revisions are needed that protect Tribal gaming revenue and the integrity of 13 gaming industry while not burdening smaller operations; 14 whether NIGC should adjust the way we do business in our 15 training, technical assistance, and compliance efforts to 16 17 provide better assistance where needed; and finally whether the NIGC should create an eighth region to provide 18 19 a stronger connection to Tribes located in North and South Dakota, Montana, and Wyoming. 20

21 And with that, I open it up for consultation 22 or questions.

23 CHAIRMAN CHAUDHURI: Thank you,24 Ms. O'Loughlin.

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So with that, the floor is open to everyone

1 here. And it's not a real formal way that we are 2 approaching this, but Mr. Tim Russ, back there, has a 3 microphone. Just please feel free to raise your hand if 4 you have any comments you would like to share on our rural 5 outreach initiative.

6 Yes, sir.

7 MR. HOOSAVA: Ferrell Hoosava, Tonto Apache. Basically what you are saying, then, with 8 9 this comment is that current regulations require amendments to better address the regulatory needs of 10 smaller, rural operations. I mean, that could be a number 11 12 of things for an operation. You know, we are a small -we consider ourselves a small operation. Arizona has a 13 few smaller operations versus, you know, a facility like 14 this. So anything, you know, in terms of what that 15 16 statement is there, you know, any type of structure or 17 additional needs that need to be met in terms of regulation is always an expense to a small operation. So, 18 19 you know, that opens up the door to a lot of conversation with you, I guess, with the NIGC and to see what is really 20 in that current regulation, what does that mean to the 21 22 NIGC in terms of what -- dealing with rural versus, you know, metro. 23

24 CHAIRMAN CHAUDHURI: Thank you, sir, for25 that comment.

And just a little bit of background about how we will proceed. Really I think anyone from NIGC may have relevant comments to provide, and really we are all free to kind of jump in at any time. I'll do my best to frame things in my way, but fellow Commissioners as well as our leadership here, you know, we all have slightly different perspectives.

8 When we talk about seeking comments regarding any positive regulatory tweaks that may be made, 9 we are really trying to focus on positive suggestions. So 10 11 if we are -- if we are ever to consider a regulatory 12 tweak, I don't want there to be a concern that we are looking at any of our tweaks from the perspective of 13 trying to slow down operations or make operations more 14 15 difficult.

16 In fact, one of our guiding principles as an 17 agency is strict adherence to our regulatory responsibilities while not creating artificial roadblocks 18 19 to the entrepreneurial spirit of Tribes. So we do want to hear from Indian Country regarding any proposed regulatory 20 tweaks that may help us still maintain our regulatory 21 22 responsibilities but make operations easier. So there could be tweaks that streamline operations while still 23 address risk sufficiently. So those types of regulatory 24 25 tweaks, we welcome any input that Indian Country may have.

1 Short of actual regulatory tweaks, there are 2 a number of things that we are doing and we have done as an agency to support small and rural operations, and we 3 are happy to do those things administratively. And let me 4 5 go through a few examples of things that we are doing to support rural communities. But there's only so much that б 7 you can do administratively. Sometimes a regulation tweak may be necessary to really streamline activities. So 8 9 that's what we are really hoping to hear from folks on.

10 So some examples of things that we are doing administratively, as I mentioned before we have our 11 12 technology director here, Mr. Travis Waldo, and that's part of our technology initiative. Staying ahead of the 13 technology curve is one of our tadpole initiatives. But 14 technology works hand in hand with rural outreach. 15 Technology division was developed in part to support our 16 17 rural partners who have limited budgets to attend trainings, to have the -- you know, do all the things that 18 19 regulators need to do to make sure that vulnerabilities are protected, that their IT is fully operational. So we 20 developed this technology division to support Indian 21 22 Country the best we could.

23 One of the first things Mr. Waldo initiated 24 as, you know, head of this initiative is the development 25 of IT vulnerabilities assessments that are free of charge

and available upon request of Tribal communities, whereby our team will go out -- and Travis can speak to this a lot better than I can. Our team will go out and work with regulators and perform vulnerability assessments free of charge and provide a report so that issues can be addressed before they ever become loss issues or compliance issues. That's one example.

8 Another example, we developed a rural 9 outreach coordinator. Another example, we have targeted trainings that we've crafted to support rural outreach. 10 So we are trying to do what we can administratively. But 11 12 if the regulations, you know, legal things that we can issue that Indian Country thinks that we could be more 13 supportive on, we want to hear and we want to be as 14 helpful as we can. 15

16 So I'm sorry for speaking so long on the 17 topic, but that's a great question or a great point that 18 you made. We are not here to regulate just for the sake 19 of regulation.

20 Thank you, sir.
21 MR. NANTY: Hubert Nanty, Tonto Apache
22 Tribe.
23 I've seen the restrictions of development
24 that sometimes gets us into a bind, but for rural

community it has its struggles. Of course I'm not the

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1 first one to say this. Our employment pool many times 2 repeats itself in terms of the same employee that we let 3 go a week ago will return six months from now because we 4 are running out of employees, or other potential 5 employees. But perhaps what really -- not just necessary 6 along the employees are reaching out for employment 7 opportunities.

8 But more along the lines of self-regulations, I have been very interested in seeing 9 how many Tribes actually make it to that status of 10 attaining self-regulation. And as I looked at it, and I 11 12 haven't done this in a little while, but some of the requirements for attaining self-regulation is so 13 14 far-fetched that a larger metro community has no problem reaching those, yet it's not readily accessible by rural 15 16 Tribal gaming operations. If that can be reviewed -- if 17 it has, then I've not seen it. Maybe I'm not accessed to Internet that often because I'm in a rural community. I 18 19 don't know. But that would be a challenge for me.

I think there's -- what you've covered as far as rural outreach is very general, and it would -those same principles are no different than your general outreach anyway. But what specifically is NIGC doing to help those rural communities attain perhaps that self-regulation status?

1 CHAIRMAN CHAUDHURI: Thank you for that 2 comment.

3 I'm going to turn it over to fellow Commissioner Simermeyer here in a moment. 4 And 5 Mr. Simermeyer serves as our Office of Self-Regulation director. But I really want to thank you for that point. б 7 To my knowledge, this is the first time that rural outreach has been tied to our self-regulation 8 regulations, and that's something that I am just speaking 9 for myself would welcome more -- well, a discussion among 10 11 the Commission about how we can look at our 12 self-regulation regulations with an eye to our emphasis on 13 supporting rural communities.

14 That said, we understand it's a rigorous process that Tribes have to go through to achieve 15 self-regulation certification. We stand -- I mean, we 16 17 always stand ready and willing to work through that process with any potential applicants. But you are right, 18 19 there's only a handful of communities that have fully achieved self-regulation certification because as far as I 20 understand it requires a pretty robust look-back for the 21 22 last I think three years regarding compliance. Three 23 years? And that's an expensive, very rigorous process. And if there are ways that we can be more supportive of 24 25 rural communities with regard to that regulation I, for

one, would be happy to hear it. But I'm going to turn it
 over to our self reg director here.

3 MR. SIMERMEYER: Well, thank you for that4 fact that you are making on this point.

5 To speak just generally about 6 self-regulation, as a full Commission we haven't had the 7 opportunity to review a request for self-regulation yet. 8 So what I can give is historical background and my own 9 personal perspectives about how it perhaps is an 10 opportunity, how we interpret it, what is laid out.

11 So one thing I think that has happened 12 recently with the self-regulation program is that in 2013 there was a regulatory reform, a reg shift towards 13 focusing more on the Tribe's capacity and not necessarily 14 on the performance of past activities in order to make a 15 16 finding that the Tribe would receive a self-regulation 17 certification. I think that's a positive step because I think that is more in line with what the intent of the 18 19 rule was when it was first passed, is that self-regulation really is a self determination, self governance type of 20 policy. So for each Tribe, they need to make a decision, 21 22 self determination, type of self governance program; they need to come to the federal government to kind of stick as 23 2.4 close as we can to what the law says about what's required 25 for it.

1 So as a group here, the three of us have 2 never had the opportunity to interpret that for the self-regulation requests, and you are right there's only 3 three Tribes right now who are -- have self-regulation 4 5 certification. And I think part of that has to do with -what I am seeing in my personal experience is there's a 6 cost-benefit analysis that Tribes say is this the 7 direction we want to go, is it worth it. And so that is 8 one thing that in my position it is appropriate for us as 9 a Commission to look at, what can we do to streamline 10 11 that, to make sure that we are sticking as close as we can 12 to what the law -- to the standard for IGRA, make sure our regulations aren't getting in the way and keep going with 13 the trend we started in 2013 to focus on capacity, not 14 some sort of, you know, audit that goes in other 15 directions. But I appreciate your raising that. 16

And besides that, if your Tribe or any other Tribe is interested in talking more about it, I'd love to talk with you more about what it might look like for your Tribe. But it's definitely a model that fits a whole different -- a whole profile of Tribes, from smaller Tribal operations to larger ones.

23 MR. NANTY: Thank you. Thank you very much.
24 I know that one of the requirements is a
25 financial audit which every Tribe is required to -- I

should say every gaming operation is required to submit.
 Within those audits is the (indiscernible) procedures
 report for review.

4 If there are any findings in those -- in 5 that category, they're usually corrected either immediately or on the spot or within a short period of б time. The internal controls on financial -- or financial 7 internal controls are also addressed, so any weaknesses or 8 material sufficient findings are also usually corrected. 9 So that information is readily available to your agency as 10 it is. So this is almost a redundant process of -- if I 11 12 apply for self-regulation certification, you already have that information. So it's almost like a dual process that 13 Tribes have to jump through, yet we ourselves have been in 14 this process for 20 years. We can correct those. We have 15 the ability and the strength and the maturity to 16 17 understand what accounting professions are looking for and how these are correctable and attainable. 18

I think it should be the Commission's goal to make sure that rural communities can use this as attaining a process where Tribes are saying, hey, look, here is our self-regulation certificate. As you are saying, there's only five, yet how many gaming operations are there and how many are -- or how many years has this regulation been in effect? CHAIRMAN CHAUDHURI: Again, I want to thank
 you for that comment.

3 Tying to our rural outreach initiative is a worthwhile discussion. So I think you are correct, the 4 5 last certification we issued was Seminole Tribe in Florida, I think. I believe so. So we did a ceremony out 6 at Seminole in which we celebrated that because I think 7 everybody was exhausted by the end of it. And what I mean 8 by that is we sent a team from compliance as well as a 9 number of attorneys out to Seminole for weeks, and 10 Seminole dedicated a large team to work through all the 11 12 documents relating to that three-year look-back that was necessary. And they got to where they needed to get, but, 13 again, that related to class II self-regulation, and there 14 was a lot of -- there are a lot of resources expended in 15 that process. Now, not all communities are able to bring 16 17 to bear all the attention and resources that are necessary to get there, and that's an excellent point. 18

19 So just in terms of way of structure, the 20 Office of Self-Regulation is mandated by our regulations 21 to provide a recommendation to the full Commission. And 22 so that Office of Self-Regulation will work with that team 23 that I mentioned, the attorneys, the compliance officers, 24 to process an application that's brought in by a different 25 Nation and then make a recommendation to the Commission as

a whole. And one of the Commissioners is -- serves as the
 director. You know, that's why we are so thankful that
 Commissioner Simermeyer wears that hat. But it is an
 extensive process and an expensive process, and we
 recognize that.

б So I don't know -- since this topic involves rural outreach, I don't know if we can go further into the 7 weeds today, but I thank you for bringing those two ideas 8 9 together. Or if there are specific ideas in terms of tweaks of either a regulation or how we approach these 10 matters, please let us know. But our attorneys are always 11 12 open to work through applicant's -- or work through the process with applicants and our compliance office is as 13 well. And I keep saying compliance. I know Yvonne's 14 team, as finance director, had a heavy hand to play -- not 15 heavy hand. Yvonne doesn't have heavy hands; she works 16 17 with folks. But she had a heavy role to play in that past application as well. But thank you so much for that 18 19 comment.

20Additional comments? Questions? Yes, sir.21UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: You just mentioned22the other two Tribes. Seminole you said is one. And the23other two that have that sort of regulation?24CHAIRMAN CHAUDHURI: Oh, boy.

25 MR. BREWER: The NAGA Tribe and Grand Ronde.

1 UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Thank you. 2 CHAIRMAN CHAUDHURI: I do want to take this 3 opportunity. At the front end of our introductions we always recognize NIGC alumni because we are always 4 5 thankful to folks who are willing to, you know, take the slings and arrows in serving in these seats, and I didn't 6 7 get an opportunity to call to Ms. Echo-Hawk. Ms. Lael Echo-Hawk is sitting back there. She served as counselor 8 9 to the chair and was very responsible -- I'm sorry. Not 10 very responsible. I don't want to throw her under the bus 11 here. Very involved in the most recent regulatory 12 overhaul that NIGC undertook. So I just want to say thank 13 you to Lael back there. 14 I don't want to blame you for any -- well, 15 anyway. 16 Additional questions, comments? Yes, sir. 17 MR. STEVENS: Granthum Stevens, Colorado River Indian Tribe. 18 19 I think one of the areas that you are going to see -- I love the way NIGC is approaching the rural 20 issue when it comes up. As you know, being in a rural 21 22 Tribe, a lot of rural Tribes that sit in here, we look at gaming different. Gaming in our area is really getting 23 jobs for our people. It's really to give the economic 24 25 development to our area. For La Paz County, we are the

largest employer for our county. And so when we look at
 rural, that's what we bring to the table, is how do we
 bring our communities together.

4 And I know some of the people that worked 5 out there at the St. Paul area, and that is a very vast area to cover. How they do it, I have no clue. But I 6 don't know. One guy, he was like in -- he traveled I 7 think eight months out of the year. He was on the road 8 9 all the time. So I understand by breaking that up, I can see the benefit coming out of it. I mean, Oklahoma, we 10 broke Oklahoma up years ago to where we had the west 11 12 region and the east region. Tim took over the Tulsa 13 office and then we created the one in Oklahoma City where 14 Tom Cunningham is. I mean, so we've seen the benefit coming out of it. And I think if you are going to strive 15 16 for that, I think that it would be very good in NIGC's 17 opportunity.

Budgetary wise, I will just -- I can see the 18 19 offset coming up because you are not paying for the rental car, not paying for that flight to go all the way across. 20 So I think it's very needed. But at the same time, I 21 22 think with Tulsa we remember that when we hear rural, especially being from a rural area, when you hear rural 23 that's the first thing you think of is, wait a minute, how 24 25 is that outreach actually going to help, how is it

actually going to be to really our benefit, how is it
 going to work for us. Because like I said, we look at
 gaming a little different.

4 We look at gaming not as a true economic 5 development (indiscernible) in my view as we sit here, but also as if they're saying how do I employ my people, how 6 do I get people into their positions. Because we are in 7 the same boat as Hubert said from Tonto. We do the same 8 boat, we recycle our employees back in. They may get 9 done, about six months later they need a job, we put them 10 right back to work. So, I mean, that's the rural struggle 11 12 we deal with. We don't have an employee population to where we can pick people up. It just comes down to how do 13 14 we keep our facility going.

So I think if you benefit and I think the Tribes up there, if they are willing to have that separation and get their own office to where they can start to communicate with them, I'm in agreement with it. CHAIRMAN CHAUDHURI: Thank you, sir. Thank you.

I mean, really we don't want to just be so narrowly focused just to think about what we can do in the regulatory concept -- context. We also understand that we are part of a larger federal network. I mean, a lot of the either operational or regulatory issues that rural

communities face with respect to gaming, they interact 1 with a lot of other governance issues that those Nations 2 have. So if there are conversations that we can help 3 facilitate in terms of broadband or -- and reach out to 4 5 partners at FCC or if there are things that we can be doing that have impacts on gaming that are a part of 6 larger challenges that rural communities face, we want to 7 be aware of those operational or administrative ideas as 8 9 well. So we may not be driving the train on those, on those initiatives involving other agencies, but we want to 10 be aware of those so that as we interact with them we know 11 12 how to -- you know, issues that we can bring up on behalf 13 of our regulatory partners. So goes beyond regulation. 14 And to your point, Mr. Stevens, this is really about efforts the rural communities are undertaking 15

16 to provide necessary programs and services on the ground 17 to our members. And so we recognize that and thank you 18 for that comment.

19 So if there are no additional comments or 20 questions on this topic, thank you so much to Shannon for 21 serving as -- I mean for providing us that background. 22 And we will move on to our developing a strong workforce 23 through training topic. Right now it's close to 2:00. 24 After the third topic if we are -- you know, if it's 25 looking like this Consultation will truly go a few hours, we may take a break. I know it's a long time for folks to
 sit. We may take a five-minute break after topic 3. But
 we will just see how things go.

4 So with that, we have Mr. Steve Brewer --5 are you ready, Steve? -- here with us, who is going to 6 provide some background information on our workforce 7 initiative.

8 It's hard to get a mike out of --9 MR. BREWER: I'm Steve Brewer. I'm training 10 manager for National Indian Gaming Commission.

Can everybody hear me in the back? Okay.
 Never mind. We will use a mike.

So, again, my name is Steve Brewer. I'm the training manager for National Indian Gaming Commission.

15 Just to get started, a strong workforce is an essential ingredient to the success of any business. 16 17 The NIGC believes that one of our best assets is our employees and recognize that this is also the case for 18 19 Tribal gaming operations. With this in mind, the Commission has prioritized supporting a strong workforce 20 both within NIGC and among our Tribal regulatory partners 21 22 as one of our four initiatives.

In order to foster a strong Tribal
workforce, NIGC seeks to enhance our external training
program and assure that it continues to meet the needs and

1 demands of the industry. To that end, we take this
2 opportunity to update you on the direction and commitment
3 of our training program and to consult with you how best
4 to deliver a better training program to meet the needs of
5 our Tribal regulatory partners.

6 Currently, the NIGC offers three types of 7 training events. The regional training conference. Our 8 trainings are derived from our training catalog and are 9 based on the needs of the region where training is 10 occurring.

11 Regulating gaming technology is geared 12 towards providing us both an understanding of a variety of technology on the casino floor and strategies on how to 13 effectively regulate and understand such technology. 14 The RGT training for 2017 has been suspended to allow time to 15 revamp the training and make sure new technologies are 16 17 included. It's anticipated by me that the new RGT course will resume in 2018. 18

Finally, the site specific training,
training requested by a Tribe to meet the individual needs
of its Tribal government, gaming commission, regulators,
and operators.

As Jonodev was talking about, the NIGC has developed some assessment tools that Tribes can request at no cost. The first assessment opportunity is the

information technology and vulnerability assessment, or
 ITVA. The ITVA performed by NIGC IT auditors is to
 complete a vulnerability analysis of the facility's IT
 system to identify potential security threats.

5 The second type of assessment is internal control assessments, or ICA, and that's performed by our 6 audit staff. This can be a comprehensive review of the 7 Tribal gaming facility's entire system of internal 8 controls or specific systems such as internal audit. 9 Based on the findings that they find in either a completed 10 ITVA or ICA, the training program can then develop 11 12 training specific for that Tribe.

All NIGC training is developed to support our Tribal customers. The training requests process is used to shape and deliver training courses and programs that are uniquely tailored to each organization based on their specific needs and requests. The NIGC training program is currently undergoing a process to revamp, revise, and update all of our training offerings.

20 NIGC is committed to craft trainings that 21 are carefully targeted to meet the evolving needs of our 22 regulatory partners and address high priority matters 23 critical to safeguarding the Indian gaming industry. In 24 this manner, the NIGC training program is in the process 25 of revising its instructor-led training courses to provide

more interactive and hands-on approaches. As with the 1 commitment to the value we put on training, we have 2 recently brought in additional staff to help develop our 3 training platform and to assist with incorporating new 4 5 methods of training. Additionally, we will utilize more technology in our training offerings. We're working 6 towards offering online on-demand training and 7 additionally for live videoconferencing events. 8

9 With kick-off of our current training year, the NIGC has included new training classes, including a 10 12-hour comprehensive training for internal audit, a 11 12 12-hour hands-on workshop for developing Tribal internal control standards and assist with internal controls, a new 13 gamesmanship 2.0 training, and a new IT training relating 14 to the auditing of class II control standards as part of 15 54320. Each training is designed to be interactive and 16 take a hands-on approach. We are in the process of 17 revising our full training catalog to reflect these new 18 19 training opportunities.

In 2016, the NIGC instituted knowledge reviews in certain audit courses. The intent of the knowledge reviews is to review the effectiveness of our training. The testing is performed at two points: first upon completion of a training class to understand whether a student learned; and a second, another test is performed

90 days later to see if the student retained the
 information. For 2017, the NIGC expanded the knowledge
 reviews for all courses offered by us.

4 So the NIGC -- excuse me. NIGC is 5 interested in learning from you about what our training program can do to meet the needs of your operations, what 6 additional type of training or events would you like to 7 see, what more can training -- can the training program do 8 9 to help a Tribe stay abreast of emerging trends in Indian 10 gaming, including technological developments such as 11 online and on-demand training, smartphone or tablet apps 12 or other types of technology. Or do you have any other comments or concerns that you would like to share? We 13 14 look forward to hearing your input and questions.

15 Any questions?

16 CHAIRMAN CHAUDHURI: Okay. Works for us.
17 No shame, no crime in finishing early. I just want to
18 repeat that.

Okay. So with no additional questions,
 thank you so much, Mr. Brewer.

21 We will move on to topic No. 3. This is a 22 little bit more open-ended because we are looking at any 23 and all possible improvements to this process. But our 24 third topic involves management contract regulations and 25 procedures. It's a broad topic, but to clarify it all we have a director of finance, Ms. Yvonne Lee, and she will
 demystify this for us. She will also field all the tough
 questions.

4 MS. LEE: My name is Yvonne Lee, and I am 5 the director of finance for the NIGC.

6 One of our primary initiatives at NIGC is to 7 protect against anything that amounts to gamesmanship on 8 the back of Tribes. Gamesmanship is our broad term for 9 any third-party threats to Tribal assets or operations. 10 It includes third-party interference with the Tribe's sole 11 proprietor interest in these gaming operations.

12 Many gamesmanship violations may occur when the third-party vendor or service provider is managing 13 14 some aspects of the gaming operations without an approved management contract or where a management contractor is 15 16 operating outside of an approved management contract. 17 Thus, approval of management contracts by NIGC Chair is required by IGRA as a means of protecting the Tribes 18 19 against gamesmanship. The Chair has a fiduciary responsibility to Tribes to ensure that they remain the 20 primary beneficiary of their gaming operations. 21 The 22 management contract and background process should protect against gamesmanship, but the process should also not 23 stymie the entrepreneurial spirit of Tribes. 24

25 With this in mind, the Commission is seeking

1 feedback and recommendations on whether changes are needed 2 to the management contract and background investigation regulations. Specifically, we want input that may improve 3 our efficiency in the management contract review process 4 5 but also continue to protect Tribes' sole proprietary interest in their gaming activities. To provide some 6 context to this Consultation, I'll briefly summarize the 7 current approval process. Then we will open the floor to 8 9 questions and suggestions.

10 The management contract is any contract, subcontract, or collateral agreement between an Indian 11 12 Tribe and contractor or between a contractor and subcontractor that provides for the management of all or 13 part of the gaming operation. Detailed requirements for 14 management contract can be found on our website. 15 То 16 commence the review and approval process, submitters must 17 submit a management contract and all relevant documents in accordance with 25 C.F.R. parts 531 and 533 to NIGC. 18

19 The Chairman must also make a determination 20 that the manager is suitable to manage the gaming 21 operation. The background investigation process is an 22 important component of this submission. Background 23 information must be submitted for all persons and entities 24 that have a financial interest in or management 25 responsibility for the management contract as identified

1 in 25 C.F.R. part 537.

2 Once the contract is submitted to the NIGC, 3 they are processed and reviewed based on the order received. We have distributed three handouts to help you 4 5 understand our review process. The first handout is the process flow chart. The second and third handouts are the 6 NIGC checklist for management contract review and 7 background investigation. You can also print the 8 9 checklist from NIGC's website.

10 As you can see on the flow chart which illustrates the process flow of management contract 11 12 review, once the submission is received it will immediately be distributed to all staff involved to start 13 the review process. We will first send our submission 14 letter to inform the parties if there are any information 15 and/or documents still missing. Then the staff in both 16 17 the divisional finance and the Office of General Counsel will conduct the review for their respective areas as 18 19 outlined on the flow chart. During the review process, there will be internal discussions and meetings among the 20 NIGC staff to coordinate the review and monitor the 21 22 status.

After the review is completed, we will send out an issues letter to notify the parties if there are any issues with the management contract. In addition, the

NIGC staff will work with the parties to help them
 understand issues if necessary.

3 Please bear in mind that sometimes it might take a few rounds to resolve all issues. The length of 4 5 NIGC review is dependent on several factors which can include the number of prior applications received and 6 already in the review queue, the completeness of each 7 submission, the responsiveness of the parties and 8 9 compliance with the existing laws and regulations, and the 10 complexity of the submission and those subject to 11 background investigation.

12 Once all issues are cleared and the submission is complete with all necessary documents, then 13 14 the Chair has 180 days to approve or disapprove the management contract. The NIGC Chair may approve a 15 16 management contract if it meets the standards of 17 parts 531, 533, 535, or 537. If the NIGC Chair learns of any actions or conditions that violate these standards or 18 19 the management deliberately or substantially failed to follow the terms of the management contract or Tribal 20 gaming ordinance, the Chair may disapprove a submitted 21 22 contract or void the contract or require nullification of an approved contract. If submitters find the Chair's 23 24 determination unsatisfactory, they may appeal the 25 decision.

1 If a Tribe wants to amend a term of an 2 existing approved contract or simply extend a regional 3 approved contract pursuant to 25 C.F.R. 535, it must 4 submit an amendment and relevant documents, including a 5 letter from the Tribal chairperson and associated 6 resolution as well as background investigation 7 applications.

8 For new individuals or entities, background 9 investigations are required. Individuals or entities 10 previously found suitable may also need to have their 11 background investigation updated depending on the length 12 of the time since their last background investigation.

We would now like to take this time to hear from you. Do you have any questions about the process or regulations or any suggestions as to how the NIGC can approve its efficiency in processing these applications and providing technical assistance? Thank you.

18 CHAIRMAN CHAUDHURI: Thank you, Yvonne.
19 So, again, it's a broad topic. This is an
20 opportunity really to share ideas. Any comments, thoughts
21 regarding management agreement procedures, administrative
22 approach to management agreements?

Just by show of hands, how many communities
are operating under a management agreement right now?
Okay. Well --

MR. HOOSAVA: We learned from the very
 beginning on the first one that don't do them.

3 (Laughter)

4 CHAIRMAN CHAUDHURI: Thank you. I mean, I 5 think frankly Indian Country has more than enough knowledgeable resources to share ideas among Nations 6 7 without various dos and don'ts regarding management agreements, but we are always interested in learning how 8 9 we can do our job better. So this is kind of a selfish 10 perspective from us, but we certainly know that each of 11 your Nations have had their own experiences.

12 So with that, again, no crime in finishing 13 early. No shame in finishing early. Since I think we are 14 doing well on time, if anybody wants to take a break, of course any of us can jump out at any time. But is there a 15 16 consensus about moving forward? Should we move on to 17 topics? Or it's a good time for a break; we are happy to do that as well. Just looking at eyes and nods in the 18 19 room.

20 Okay. We will just go ahead and move 21 forward. I should mention Frank Olea back there is also 22 an NIGC alum. He has already had a wealth of experience 23 before going to law school, but he was with NIGC as a 24 fellow and brought a lot of his perspective as a Tribal 25 leader to NIGC. Thank you for his past service.

1 So with that, we will move on to the fourth 2 topic. And if we have a lot of discussion, we can take a break afterwards, but we will just keep moving forward. 3 4 Technical standards for mobile gaming 5 devices. We have our director of the division of technology, Travis Waldo, here to kick us off. б 7 MR. WALDO: Good afternoon, everyone. Thank you for being here. 8 9 Again, my name is Travis Waldo. I'm the director of technology for the National Indian Gaming 10 11 Commission. 12 The National Indian Gaming Commission is considering draft language to amend 25 C.F.R. 547.18 which 13 would clarify and add new technical standards for wireless 14 gaming systems and communication between mobile gaming 15 communication devices and mobile gaming systems. 16 17 These new direct regulatory standards provide clear and specific definitions that have not been 18 19 included in the regulations previously. The new standards also support security and system integrity for mobile 20 gaming operations. The draft language is based on input 21 22 and collaboration with our Tribal partners. The intent of the new draft regulation is to support the growth and the 23 innovation in mobile gaming systems. 24 25

Portable handheld gaming devices have been

around for many years and are authorized in many state 1 2 jurisdictions. Handheld gaming devices are electronic 3 devices that allow casino patrons to play anywhere within the casino or within Tribal lands as defined by the Indian 4 5 Gaming Regulatory Act, such as restaurants, hotels, or other amenities. The draft technical standards for mobile 6 gaming devices will not authorize Internet gaming. These 7 draft technical standards only address handheld mobile 8 devices within Tribal lands. 9 10 The draft technical standards, which can be found on our website, are proposed standards for Tribal 11

12 review, comment, and Consultations.

13 Any questions?

MR. NANTY: What's the time frame?
MR. WALDO: Chairman, what would be our time
frame?

17 CHAIRMAN CHAUDHURI: Time frame. Thank you18 for that question.

19 So right now, again, if folks want to weigh 20 in on whether or not this is even appropriate for a 21 regulatory tweak, we are happy to hear that. Right now we 22 are going to compile our comments at the end of June and 23 figure our next steps.

24 We had some excellent comments at our last 25 Consultation about the pros and cons of moving forward 1 with the regulation on this topic versus potential

2 quidance from NIGC. And the pros and cons kind of break down to the speed at which we are able to issue guidance, 3 the speed at which we are able to amend guidance. We were 4 5 thankful for those comments. And we are not -- we are not proceeding under a specific time frame to get a regulation 6 passed. If the best path forward is truly guidance rather 7 than regulation, we are open to that. But we are here to 8 listen to Indian Country. 9

10 That said, I think we've always been pretty assertive in terms of our Consultations. We've committed 11 12 to doing our best to move forward with deliverables on past Consultations whenever we embark on a new 13 Consultation series. And in short order, I think we are 14 going to be issuing deliverables soon on past 15 Consultations, but we are trying to get as much done this 16 17 year as possible just because we want to keep moving forward on a positive trajectory. So I don't know if that 18 19 helps with time frames. But bottom line, no specific one, but we want to get things done. 20

21 MR. SIMERMEYER: Just this specific topic, 22 not to caution against what the Chairman was saying, I 23 agree with that, but I think that it might be helpful, 24 Travis, if you could give a little bit of feedback in 25 terms of that this is coming from Indian Country, the need

for it. But I don't know that it sort of has an emergency situation, correct me if I'm wrong, but maybe from a perspective to folks in terms of Travis's insight as the director of technology is really helpful because one of the challenges of the agency is how responsive do we need to be to change it. So if you can provide that, Travis, that might give some perspective too in terms of timing.

8 MR. WALDO: There's no critical rush on 9 this. This has been around for years. We all know that mobile handheld devices have been out there for years. 10 There's just not been a very clear definition and 11 12 regulation or technical standards as to, you know, how to implement it, what security standards are best, what 13 practices are best. This is just kind of a response to 14 that when we go out and do trainings. I get a lot of 15 16 questions regarding mobile devices, you know, and not so 17 much the CardMinders and the handhelds that we see today but kind of where we are going with that. Are iPads and 18 19 other types of mobile devices that are going to be allowed to -- the intent of that was to kind of maybe give some 20 growth to that side of mobile gaming, but certainly not a 21 22 rush situation.

23 CHAIRMAN CHAUDHURI: So any additional 24 comments, questions?

25

I do want to thank Travis, you know, and his

leadership in flagging this as a potential issue of 1 2 discussion. Because a lot of communities, as we know, are considering these wireless handheld devices to further 3 their operations. And we have an eye -- as part of our 4 5 stay ahead of the technology curve initiative, we have an eye towards doing whatever we can to help on the 6 regulatory side of things, help augment the operational 7 innovation that Tribal Nations are undertaking. So we 8 know this is a burgeoning field in Indian Country, and so 9 we want to be as helpful as we can on the regulatory side 10 11 of things to help provide support while not getting in the 12 way of, you know, healthy economic development activity. 13 So thank you, Travis. 14 Additional comments, questions? Okay. We are moving along pretty quickly. 15 I'm sorry. Yes, Mr. Stevens. 16 17 MR. STEVENS: I think my only concern --Colorado River Indian Tribes. 18 19 I think my only concern is if you do a wireless gaming device that goes out, it's really designed 20 for having that go beyond the intended area, right, rather 21 22 than -- you have a machine out here. If you come over here and you can have it in here -- correct? Am I reading 23 it right, or am I --24

25 CHAIRMAN CHAUDHURI: Well, I think we've --

I mean, any regulatory tweak would be a matter for the
 Commission to discuss in light of Consultation comments.
 But I think our current course has always been to defer or
 to work with TGRAs as much as possible for Tribal
 Commissions to determine the gaming space that's
 regulated. Is that an accurate reflection?

7 MR. STEVENS: That would be my next comment 8 in that situation is giving guidance -- or giving the 9 little flexibility back to NIGC in the areas where we 10 don't want you guys to be at to begin with.

11 MR. WALDO: No. The regulation states at 12 the discretion of the TGRA, our position TGRA, as to where 13 the gaming area actually is, not in our discretion.

14 CHAIRMAN CHAUDHURI: So I don't think any of 15 us can comment on a draft that hasn't been drafted yet, 16 but we have some kind of outline ideas.

17 But I do feel comfortable -- and of course my fellow Commissioners can weigh in as appropriate. 18 19 Certainly in the spirit of empowerment for Tribal regulatory bodies to make some of those decisions that are 20 appropriate for the needs and realities of their community 21 is something that I would think would definitely inform 22 any regulation that we did on this. So deferring as much 23 as possible to Tribal regulators and supporting our 24 25 regulatory partners, that's kind of been a hallmark to our

approach, and I don't envision that changing. But it's
 hard to speak to a regulation that isn't --

3 I mean, and I guarantee you this, we can say this, anything that is close to being promulgated or 4 5 issued is going to go out for comment. It's going to go out for formal input from Indian Country as well. So this 6 7 is -- this is kind of an initial feeler to see if this is -- you know, the points that Travis raised in his 8 9 presentation and if this is something that would be helpful. And, again, we haven't even made a decision 10 whether or not a regulatory approach or guidance approach 11 12 would be the most sensible. 13 So I don't know if that helps, Mr. Stevens. 14 Okay. MR. STEVENS: It does. 15 16 CHAIRMAN CHAUDHURI: Thank you. Excellent 17 comment. Additional questions or comments before we 18 19 move on? How are folks doing break wise? 20 Okay. Is there a comment back there? MR. PAGE: Robert Page, Colorado River 21 22 Indian Tribe. 23

What would be the originating purpose of
this?
MR. WALDO: Just originally to kind of spur

technology growth and get people thinking, you know, about
 that and to provide some clear definition and regulation
 that hasn't really existed in the past.

4 MR. PAGE: Hasn't?

5 MR. WALDO: Not really. It's not been clearly laid out for Tribes, you know, that we can do this 6 and this is, you know, best practice to protect that, you 7 know, these are standards for that. It's kind of all over 8 9 the place and it's not very clearly defined. There's a 10 lot of states that allow stuff like this, there's a lot of regulations out there on it; there's just nothing in our 11 12 regulations that are very clear. So I get a lot of 13 questions when we do trainings, and that's pretty much 14 what spurred that.

MR. PAGE: So it's not in use anywhere? MR. WALDO: Yeah, it's in use in a lot of different places. A lot of state jurisdictions have stuff like this, but I get a lot of questions from Tribal regulatory authorities.

20 CHAIRMAN CHAUDHURI: Thank you for that 21 question.

22 So we are trading back and forth a couple 23 mikes. Did the transcriber get it? Excellent.

Any other questions on mobile gamingdevices? Okay.

We are moving on now to fifth of six topics.
 If anybody motions for a break, we will definitely take a
 break, but, again, we can all sneak out as necessary.

4 We will move to No. 5, fees. And I just 5 want to say just before turning it back over to Director Lee that I and I think all of us on the 6 Commission, although I can't speak for anybody else, we 7 are very excited about this very minor but important 8 9 potential tweak to the way that we set our fees, namely I'm very excited about the timing involved. As a matter 10 of good governance, having our fees process coincide a 11 12 little bit more with our budget process I think will add to the efficiency and transparency at the agency, and I'm 13 personally excited about this, but I will leave it to 14 Ms. Lee to speak more. 15

16 Okay. Yvonne, take it away.

MS. LEE: The Commission is considering amending the language to 25 C.F.R. part 514. Under the current regulation, the Commission announces the preliminary fee rate on March 1st and the final fee rate three months later on June 1st.

The proposed regulation would require the NIGC to set the fee rate only one time per year, to be announced on November 1st. The proposed changes on the fee rate publication date will also apply to the

fingerprint processing fee rate. These are the proposed
 514.2 changes for fee rate, and these are the proposed
 514.16 changes for fingerprint rate.

4 By setting and announcing the fee rate once 5 a year, the Commission will be able to, 1, improve the efficiency of the fee rate analysis and publication б process; 2, coincide the fee rate announcement with the 7 annual release of the gross gaming revenue and the 8 completion of the Commission's budget for the upcoming 9 year; 3, reduce the margin of error for fee calculations 10 as the rate would only be set once within a fiscal year; 11 12 4, mitigate any confusion that may arise from changing the 13 fee rate twice a year.

14 In addition, a majority of Tribes have fiscal year ending either on September 30th or 15 December 31st. Tribe's submission of audited financial 16 statements are required 120 days after the end of their 17 fiscal years; thus, when we first use these financial 18 19 statements to set the preliminary fee rates, our analysis is limited to a fractional portion of the financial audit 20 submissions and must be reanalyzed again after additional 21 submissions are received at the end of April. 22 The 23 proposed changes will allow the analysis to take place once a year after the Commission has received all annual 24 25 audited financial statements. In addition, the fee rate

calculation will more accurately reflect the Commission's
 required operation funding which will become available by
 September 30th each year.

4 The NIGC seeks comments on the proposed
5 changes to the time period these fee rates are published.
6 CHAIRMAN CHAUDHURI: Thank you, Yvonne.
7 So any comments or questions about this
8 proposed change?

9 MR. SIMERMEYER: I'll just add, as the Chairman said initially about the opportunity that I think 10 a simple change like this might be able to kind of promote 11 12 transparency, other things that we can do at the 13 Commission through our processes. As you are thinking 14 about this in the coming weeks, months here concerning this one thing that might be helpful, if you have thoughts 15 16 about -- traditionally there hasn't necessarily been a big 17 shift in the fee rates that we've had and how Tribes perceive that in their planning and their budgeting, their 18 19 own process. So if that's something that you have thoughts on or about, thoughts, that would be helpful from 20 our perspective, to hear a bit more of that, about how 21 22 Tribes perceive the current schedule of our fee process. 23 CHAIRMAN CHAUDHURI: Thank you, 2.4 Commissioner.

Looking around the room, we may be able to

1 conclude this Consultation in record time. I don't want 2 to knock on wood. But any other questions, comments on 3 our fees section?

Okay. With that, we will move forward with
a discussion about draft voluntary, voluntary draft
nonbinding, voluntary nonbinding draft, nonbinding
voluntary guidance regarding class III minimum internal
controls. As we engage in this discussion, I would like
to point out that the draft that we have involves
nonbinding voluntary guidance.

11 And so with that, all joking aside, this is 12 important. These are important issues, and we understand the difference in situations of the Tribal Nations 13 throughout the United States and the inherent difficulty 14 in approaching, you know, any agency activity, whether 15 it's regulation or guidance, in a way that recognizes the 16 17 fundamental differences between Nations. And so we recognize that what works for one Nation in Arizona may 18 19 not work for another Nation in Oklahoma, may not work for 20 another Nation in California.

But with that reality in mind, we do seek to be as helpful as we can be to help support Tribal efforts to engage in economic development through gaming in a way that is consistent with Tribal law, consistent with federal law, and that's the spirit in which we have

approached this nonbinding voluntary class III guidance. 1 2 And with that, we are pleased to have 3 Ms. Heather Corson here from the Office of General Counsel, here to give us more details. So, Ms. Corson. 4 5 MS. CORSON: Hi, guys. I'm Heather Corson. I'm a member of the Crow Tribe. I'm also associate 6 general counsel with the NIGC. I've been with the agency 7 for almost exactly five years and before then practiced 8 with Tribes in Montana, where I'm from. 9

10 So in 2015-2016, the Commission engaged in 11 Consultation. As a result of that, they decided to issue 12 nonbinding class III MICS status. We have prepared a 13 draft of that guidance and are asking for your feedback 14 before we finalize and publish it.

15 Although guidance document does not require formal notice and comment process, the Commission 16 recognizes the value of Tribal and industry input and 17 intends to thoroughly consider all comments we receive 18 19 from you. The draft 64-page guidance document is available for review on our website. The NIGC is 20 fortunate to have many Tribal gaming subject matter 21 22 experts working for the agency who are well versed in 23 gaming operational procedures and risk associated with 24 them, and they have been working diligently to develop 25 this draft.

You'll notice the draft follows the 1 2 formatting style with its current class II MICS that are 3 25 C.F.R. part 543. We hope this assists Tribes with MICS class II and class III facilities to develop a 4 5 comprehensive set of controls while still enabling Tribes themselves to establish standards that best fit their 6 needs. Exclusively class III areas such as gaming 7 machines and table games have been updated after extensive 8 9 review of other jurisdictions incorporating Tribal, regulatory, and current industry standards. 10

Additionally, those controls in the class II MICS, which again are part 543 of the C.F.R., those controls that require Tribal regulator analysis approval, such as variances and supervision controls, are carried over into the class III guidance.

16 We would also like to consult with you on 17 proposed decision to suspend the existing 25 C.F.R. part 542 regulations. Suspension of the regulations 18 19 leaves the existing text in the Code of Federal Regulation but adds a note that they are not enforceable and refers 20 the reader to the guidance document. We believe this 21 22 solution accomplishes the goals of keeping the language accessible for those Tribes that need it. 23

24 We are ready for your comments or questions.25 Any?

MR. NANTY: Could you clarify what you said?
 Suspending of the existing 25 542, how are you proposing
 that to occur? Is it -- I mean, like --

4 MS. CORSON: It would be a decision of the 5 Commission to suspend it. It's -- I don't know how to 6 best describe it. You guys might be more sophisticated at 7 explaining how it is.

8 But it's a decision to suspend it, so it 9 will say suspended in the Code of Federal Regulation. So 10 as you know, the CRIT decision said that the Commission 11 didn't have authority -- they gave me a mike because I am 12 only talking to you two. I guess the rest can't hear me.

But the Colorado River Indian Tribe's decision said the Commission didn't have the authority to develop and enforce these class III MICS, so this is sort of an acknowledgment of that. They are saying they are suspended, but we didn't want to take them away because a lot of places like them still. So they are taking action, I guess, the Commission would.

Is that your understanding?
MR. SIMERMEYER: Yeah. And the Consultation
occurred earlier in 2015-2016, where we saw input from
Indian Country about a path forward or a process for doing
that.

25 CHAIRMAN CHAUDHURI: Thank you for that.

MR. STEVENS: Granthum Stevens, Colorado
 River Indian Tribes.

When would you look at that suspension for 4 542? I mean, what's your guys's time frame on looking at 5 it? If you were to suspend it as a Commission, I mean, 6 are you looking at it this year?

7 CHAIRMAN CHAUDHURI: That's an excellent 8 question.

9 I mean, we are going to reserve comment on actual timelines until we receive our comments. And so at 10 11 the end of June, we will look at anything that's submitted 12 and then propose next steps forward. But I think we are talking about, you know, kind of parallel action, sort of 13 issuing the guidance as well as suspension with a signal 14 within the Federal Register as to where we will keep the 15 16 guidance. So it would be whenever we issue the guidance. 17 MR. STEVENS: Okay. Because I know the Consultation was in 2015 when it was brought up, when we 18 19 were -- when you guys first proposed suspending 542 during that time frame. And I think in 2015 it was also voiced 20 that there was a lot of compacts that depended on the 21 22 wording of 542 during that time frame. So one of the comments that I have made was instead of saying what was 23 that review going to be when that -- how many compacts 24

25 were actually going to be affected if we suspend 542, and

it was said that you guys didn't look at that aspect
 during that time frame or when you considered it.

3 Now we are two years out from there. And 4 has that been looked at, or are we still just looking at 5 it broader picture, saying if it affects you it affects 6 you?

7 CHAIRMAN CHAUDHURI: Okay. Excellent8 question.

9 So I don't know if Heather or anybody on chief of staff's side wants to weigh in on this. But as 10 far as actual numbers of affected, kind of depends what we 11 12 mean by affected. So depending on the state, some 13 compacts reference 542. And ones that reference 542, the 14 idea would -- has always been that the guidance would help provide that background information. It really depends on 15 16 the language of the compact at hand the extent to which 17 anything will be affected. It's our hope to move forward with some guidance that's still consistent with our 18 19 authority under the Colorado River Indian Tribe decision. 20 And so whether or not we suspend, the Court made it pretty clear that we didn't have authority to 21 22 promulgate it, those class III MICS, in the first place. That's why kind of the middle ground forward, you know. 23 It has been presented by Indian Country as nonbinding 24 25 voluntary guidance.

So I don't mean to dance around any
 question. As to the number of Nations affected, it
 depends on which compact we are talking about. And
 Arizona's language is very different than the California
 compact.

6 MR. STEVENS: Well, Oklahoma, I'm pretty 7 sure if it had to change on the model compact, it clearly 8 states that for class III you have to follow the 542. 9 It's clearly written --

10 CHAIRMAN CHAUDHURI: I don't know if you
11 want to weigh in.

MR. STEVENS: -- in that model compact.
MS. CORSON: Yeah, you are correct. I don't
know the number of Tribes that are affected. I don't know
if Steve does either.

16 But when the Commission -- the Commission 17 did the 2015-2016 Consultations, they had several ideas of how to deal with these MICS. And one of them was 18 19 suspension, but one of them was complete withdrawing and removing from the books. I think this was their best 20 solution that they could come up with, that acknowledge 21 22 that they are not able to promulgate them, but develop as guidance to update those that are out there because they 23 are really out of date. If Tribes want to use that 24 25 guidance they can, but also still keep the -- the

suspension will say they are suspended in regulation, but they'd still be there so the compacts that reference them still have a touchstone to reference. So I think this was ultimately the -- seemed like the best middle ground.

5 CHAIRMAN CHAUDHURI: Mr. Stevens, do you 6 want -- I mean, we came all the way to Arizona. We want 7 to be as thorough as we can. So if you have followup 8 questions, please. Of course, you can always submit them 9 in writing, but we are all ears.

10 MR. STEVENS: Like I said, one of my 11 questions was, one, I just want to see the trooper behind 12 it, although I can see the fuller picture. And having 13 those questions brought up throughout the country, I can 14 see where you guys's position is to look at the whole pie 15 versus just a slice of it. So I understand that part.

But if these are nonbinding and you voluntarily get into this, I do not see why on section -when it's auditing, section 13(d)(2), the Tribe must submit two copies of the (indiscernible reading) to the Commission within 120 days. So I know that 271 makes that requirement under 25 C.F.R. 271.

22 So, I mean, if these are nonbinding and just 23 pure guidance, how do we -- how do you apply this into an 24 area to where it's going to be a mandated situation? So, 25 I mean, we are going to add two laws on top of one?

1 CHAIRMAN CHAUDHURI: And excellent question. 2 I mean, what we are dealing with -- and, 3 frankly, the approach that we are taking came down to some of those Consultations, and appreciate yours and CRIT's 4 5 previous input on these topics because that helped us try to strike the appropriate tone in this approach. So we're 6 not creating two new laws; we are not trying to create any 7 new law. We are trying to provide updated guidance that's 8 actually helpful to the communities whose compacts 9 reference 542 while at the same time avoiding getting sued 10 11 aqain.

12 MS. CORSON: Can I add?

13 CHAIRMAN CHAUDHURI: I don't mean to joke about it. But the CRIT decision was very, very helpful in 14 terms of highlighting the meets and bounds of IGRA when it 15 16 comes to class III. And we do see an overall role for the 17 agency to provide clarity and guidance in Indian gaming while at the same time we are committed more than ever to 18 19 stay in our lane as much as possible. So that's why -that's why we are trying to approach this as nonbinding, 20 voluntary guidance. 21

MS. CORSON: I just want to add that part of the reason for developing the 64-page guidance was to have feedback, to have that level of feedback. So we wanted your thoughts on the suspension and the Commission's

decision or proposal to suspend, but also sort of feedback 1 2 that you are going into that's kind of really looking at 3 the document itself. So thank you. If you have more of 4 those, that's great. You might have the answer. 5 MR. STEVENS: I'll reserve it. 6 MS. CORSON: Send it in. 7 CHAIRMAN CHAUDHURI: I do want to stress we very much appreciate the perspective that has been brought 8 9 to bear by you, Mr. Stevens, on many of these issues ó so 10 thank you ó and by so many others in this room as well. 11 So thank you. 12 MS. CASTILLION: Sylvia Castillion. I just wanted to make a note of an observation. There is 13

14 regulations specific to progressives in slot machines 15 portions, but there is no regulation specific to 16 progressives in Black Jack and Keno and there are 17 progressives within those areas. And it would be helpful 18 to have similar regulation within all gaming areas, all 19 throughout your gaming.

20 MR. CHAUDHURI: That's an excellent --21 excellent point. I am not sure if that was by design, and 22 you may have just flagged something that we hadn't caught. 23 Thank you. Thank you. Thank you very much. Worth the 24 price of admission right there. Thank you.

25 MR. PAGE: That's why you have these.

1 CHAIRMAN CHAUDHURI: Additional comments, 2 questions? Okay. So with that, we will -- yes. Yes, sir. 3 4 MR. NANTY: Not related to any of these. 5 CHAIRMAN CHAUDHURI: Poor Tim. I wish we had one of those odometers that could track your miles 6 7 today. 8 MR. RUSS: I need all the help I can get. 9 MR. NANTY: Aside from the list that you have for Consultation, I'd like -- I want to thank the 10

11 Gaming Commission for coming out here and meeting with 12 Tribes. And I know the difficulty you get. And once 13 again, if you reach out to rural Tribes, maybe there will 14 be more Tribes in the room and we can host up there in Payson. I don't think any one of you have been up there. 15 16 If you are a local Arizona native, then well certainly you 17 know where that is. It's a beautiful, beautiful part of Arizona, spectacular ponderosa pines, beautiful area. 18

What I wanted to address to the Commission is a recommendation to at least take a look at the Bank Secrecy Act. That's been -- as you are aware, the operators are aware, the Tribal regulators are aware that the U.S. department of treasurer has been trying recently and more so putting the heat on Tribes' gaming operation because it is considered a financial institution. Looking 1 at that, FinCEN will not hesitate and does not hesitate
2 and will not apologize for any conclusions or findings
3 they have. And some of these findings are very, very
4 hefty. I've been monitoring that, I subscribe to them,
5 and almost certainly within a month's time there's fines
6 issued.

7 And I think it would benefit the Commission to put together some type of a training process. There 8 are most certainly others out there that do a good job for 9 training on Title 31 that goes into the anti-money 10 laundering. More specifically is the (indiscernible), the 11 12 recent -- maybe not so much recent, but for an agency that's been added, that has been there. And for Arizona, 13 because we live close to borders and some Tribes have 14 direct highway access to the border where different kinds 15 of cartels are possible -- create possible risk for gaming 16 17 operations. So I think I would just recommend training and assistance for Title 31 and covering all of it and 18 19 perhaps even in conjunction with FinCEN or the Department 20 of Treasury.

21 CHAIRMAN CHAUDHURI: Excellent point.
22 Excellent point. So I'm going to throw our training
23 manager on the spot -- or put our training manager on the
24 spot.

25 But that raises a larger issue. You know,

we do have an opportunity, and I think a responsibility,
to coordinate with other federal partners when we perform
our training so that they are up to date, that they are
relevant to the needs of the partner, you know, to -relevant to the needs of the communities that we are going
into. There are a lot of great examples of how our team
has done that in the past.

8 This idea about working more closely with 9 FinCEN, we do work closely with FinCEN on some broader 10 issues. There's an Indian gaming working group that NIGC 11 participates in that involves a number of agencies and 12 there are also regional relationships that our regional 13 offices have.

But in terms of training, I don't want to throw Steve under the bus, but I don't know if you have heard that before? And I'm going to turn it over to Steve. That's a great idea.

MR. BREWER: Yeah. So we are always 18 19 reaching out to our partners to partner with them at our regional training conferences. Most recently I think 2014 20 we were doing the Title 31 FinCEN training, bringing in 21 22 IRS and FinCEN people to give this training. And we 23 suspended it for this year because we brought in a couple of different ones, being active shooter and human 24 25 trafficking. But we are always looking at bringing them

1 back because that is an issue that we hear quite often is 2 what can you do to help us with Title 31. Because it's 3 not our regulation, we don't really speak on it per se, 4 but we do partner with the authors and bring them out to 5 the training. So, you know, again we have heard this and 6 it's something that we were planning on bringing back into 7 our trainings.

8 CHAIRMAN CHAUDHURI: Thank you for that. 9 I also want to recognize our Vice Chair's leadership on human trafficking issues. Again, this is an 10 example of an area that's not directly under our duties on 11 12 the enforcement side of things but falls squarely in line with our -- the opportunities that are available for us to 13 facilitate dialogue among other partners, whether they're 14 federal partners or Tribal partners, and very much wanted 15 to thank our Vice Chair for spearheading our attention and 16 17 focus on human trafficking issues that did involve bringing in folks from DOJ and various offices to support 18 19 our discussions with Indian Country. Thank you. 20 MS. ISOM-CLAUSE: I don't want to jump in

21 while you are still on this topic, but we can come back to 22 human trafficking later if folks in the room here are 23 interested in talking about that or want some comments. 24 We certainly don't want one issue to displace another. We 25 can work with Steve and work with your needs on what

actually is needed each year. So let's not think of it as
 one or the other but just all the things that might be
 helpful. Please give us kind of feedback what we should
 be including. So thank you.

5 MR. NANTY: Thank you. I know that from a financial institute, especially a bank will take a look at 6 it. And each major financial institution, whether it's 7 wherever you bank has a compliance department, and those 8 quite often request information on Bank Secrecy or 9 Title 31, in which if there are deficiencies they don't 10 want you as a customer. It's something that's very --11 12 that's coming up. If you ask Tribes that have been visited by FinCEN, these issues will come up. And I would 13 think that you would take an interest, being that you do 14 receive our financial audits, and that when you take a 15 look at those financials and how it's structured and can 16 see that there might be some medium risk, some high risk, 17 and some low risk, taking that into consideration there 18 19 can be some recommendations to Tribes as to how to mitigate those and minimize the impact that perhaps if 20 they are considered by FinCEN can be resolved either 21 22 sooner or later.

And it's not a fun game at all. The thing about it is that when FinCEN comes knocking, all your information is there. Everything that they look at is

proprietary, yet on the other hand can -- if you are not
 following it because of one day or another there were some
 errors made, that's a significant finding.

4 So I just want to suggest that only because 5 your interests -- in our state in particular, because we have a revenue sharing portion -- you all know, everyone 6 in this room knows IGRA was crafted to benefit the 7 revenues going to the Tribe, exclusively to the Tribe. It 8 has a sole proprietary interest and the only proprietary 9 interest. Now that you have a state of the United States 10 interest in those revenues, it should heighten our 11 12 alertness to watch to see if there is any kind of either steps that were missed, any kind of miscalculation. 13

14 I'll just say the department of gaming comes to each -- Arizona department of gaming comes to each 15 gaming facility; it's required by them in the compact to 16 17 do a quarterly assessment and a quarterly review on the revenues that they have received from the gaming 18 19 operation. They monitor it. They have altogether 26 certified fraud examiners doing this 100 percent of their 20 I would think National Indian Gaming Commission 21 time. 22 would take that kind of interest being this is the revenue and sole economic drive of the Tribe. So I strongly 23 suggest that some type of heightened up, more training be 24 25 put into the FinCEN or even Title 31.

1 MR. SIMERMEYER: I just want to say thank 2 you for raising that issue. I think there is definitely an important role that we can play in terms of helping 3 with the federal family, developing relationships that we 4 5 were talking about earlier. But just as you might know or others may not know that there's -- FinCEN has some б resources that it often points to in terms of how to 7 interpret those BSA and AML provisions in this culture of 8 compliance, they are calling it. There's some key 9 10 speeches by their leadership that they laid out, six 11 different principles about how you develop a risk-based 12 compliance program. So those are resources that I'll be sure to apply within our team too and point that out that 13 14 they should try to encourage people at the front end to reach out to understand how they are interpreting that 15 risk-based compliance, approaching from that respect. 16 17 CHAIRMAN CHAUDHURI: But we do hear you loud and clear. Chat with Steve a little bit more. 18 19 You know, this brings up a larger issue, I

20 think. One of the other tadpole initiatives that we 21 touched on earlier that I want to kind of address briefly 22 is addressing gamesmanship on the backs of Tribes. So we 23 talked about our authorities under IGRA when it comes to 24 third-party threats to assets and operations. Well, those 25 authorities are pretty narrowly delineated or set forth in

1 IGRA.

2 But we also recognize, back to your point, 3 the importance of doing whatever we can to safeguard the important avenue for economic development, the important 4 5 lifeblood for actual lives on the ground that is Indian gaming. So we see an important role for us to play in 6 sharing best practices in our trainings and sharing 7 examples of things that we've seen in the field. So we 8 9 don't want to have blinders on in terms of our trainings being directly flow -- our trainings directly flowing from 10 11 our compliance authority. We also see a role for us to 12 play in terms of our experience working with other Tribal 13 Nations, working with other regulatory bodies, and sharing 14 some of those experiences in terms of best practices.

15 So even if something is not directly in our 16 lane, I think we are committed across the board to looking 17 at areas of opportunity to work with other agencies or to 18 share best practices in our trainings to further support 19 the overall health of the Indian gaming industry.

That's actually a very subtle but important point that I want to make. There are two ways to approach trainings. There's one way where you just look at compliance authority or enforcement authority from IGRA and you train based on that. We are committed to supporting the health of the industry as a whole and to

supporting economic development. Pursuant to our statute, 1 2 that's what we have to do. And so we have to look at 3 things beyond our enforcement authority: things like FinCEN, things like gamesmanship, things like trafficking. 4 5 Those things are things that affect the industry as a whole, and we are committed to doing whatever we can to 6 stay in our lane on the enforcement side, on the 7 compliance side, but also not have blinders on when it 8 9 comes to facilitating discussion. And that's a small but important shift that I think we have been making over the 10 last several years, and I'm proud to be part of an agency 11 12 that is doing that.

13 Get all that, Steve? Steve has been a 14 leader in all of this, so kind of joking with Steve. I'm 15 using his words a lot.

MR. BREWER: I think it's a fascinating paradigm shift from where we were to where we are going. Specifically what I'm referring to is it's going from the how come to the how to. And I had this in my script originally, and people were like, no, they don't care about that, that's too training technical.

But getting back to the FinCEN point, you know, one of the things that we used to do when we did our ICAs or audits was we did a Title 31 review. We were actually asked to stop by the IRS, saying it's not your

1 regulation, you shouldn't be doing this. But we do have 2 partnerships, and we can put you in contact with points of 3 contact from those agencies that can give you some 4 guidance if that's what you -- if that's what I'm getting 5 that you need.

6 And I firmly hear what you are saying, and I totally agree that it's definitely something we are going 7 to bring back into our trainings, in our RTCs, because our 8 first day general session is really geared towards the 9 overall industry health. So we ask for outside federal 10 partners to come in and give training that touches base on 11 12 things that maybe, like Jonodev was saying, is not in the enforcement realm but is a big picture type look at Indian 13 gaming, and FinCEN would definitely be one of those. 14

15 CHAIRMAN CHAUDHURI: Thank you for that 16 point.

17 So that's also a perfect segue. So I think 18 we finished up the management -- sorry, the class III MICS 19 voluntary nonbinding guidance discussion and we have 20 already moved into the kind of catchall area. But if 21 there are additional catchall comments, questions, now is 22 a perfect time to go into that.

You know, we'll going once, going twice,
call it before we wrap up, so no fear in not getting any
comments in. We want everybody to feel ample opportunity

1 to get on the record.

2 All right. So going once. Going twice. 3 Okay. Recognizing there's no crime in finishing early, I want to check with my fellow Commissioners if they have 4 5 any final comments as well. But before doing that, thank you all so much for taking the time to be here today. I 6 know we all have a lot going on, but Consultation is the 7 lifeblood of what we do, and very appreciative of your 8 9 engagement today.

So I'm going to turn it over to our Vice
Chair for any other comments she may have.

MR. HOOSAVA: Going once, going twice, threetimes.

14 MS. ISOM-CLAUSE: I will be very brief, but I just want to thank you all for your really thoughtful 15 comments. At a really granular level we mentioned that 16 17 the comments we received on the voluntary nonbinding class III MICS is really helpful. Feel free to send us 18 19 written comments if that's easier. Sometimes the textual stuff is really hard to do out loud. But thank you. Keep 20 the comments coming. 21

22 MR. SIMERMEYER: I'll just say -- also join 23 in saying thank you for the comments and the time you put 24 in and reiterate that this Consultation series should be 25 an ongoing dialogue. This is where face to face is an

important part of that, that opportunity. I think probably in order to make sure that this process has a kind of beginning, a middle, and end to it and that we keep the constant communication. This isn't just this sort of one-time thing that happens. So please keep your comments and thoughts coming so we can make this a collaborative process. CHAIRMAN CHAUDHURI: Thank you so much, and final thanks to the Salt River Pima-Maricopa Indian Community for hosting us. Thank you to all the Arizona Nations for being here as well. * * * * * * * *